

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

ATTORNEYS.

ROBERT H. FOLGER, Attorney at Law, U. S. Commissioner, Commissioner of Deeds for New York and Pennsylvania, and Notary Public Office second floor over Russell's jewelry store, South Erie street, Massillon, O. Will give strict attention to all business entrusted to his care in Stark and the adjoining counties.

BANKS.

UNION NATIONAL BANK, Massillon Ohio. Jos. Coleman, President, J. H. Hunt, Cashier.

PHYSICIANS.

D. B. W. H. KIRKLAND, Homeopathic Practitioner, Office No. 55 East Main street, Massillon, Ohio. Office open day and night.

HARDWARE.

S. A. CONRAD & CO., Dealer in Foreign and Domestic Hardware, etc., Main street.

MANUFACTORIES.

RUSSELL & CO., manufacturers of Threshing Machines, Portable, Semi-Portable and Traction Engines, Horse powers, Saw Mills, etc.

MASSILLON ROLLING MILL, Jos. Corns & Son, Proprietors, manufacturers of a superior quality of Merchant Bar and Blacksmith Iron.

MASSILLON GLASS FACTORY, manufactures Green Glass Hollow Ware, Beer bottles, Flasks, etc.

MASSILLON IRON BRIDGE CO., Manufacture of Bridges, Roofs and General Iron Structures.

JEWELERS.

C. F. VON KANEL, East Side Jewelry Store, East Main street.

JOSEPH COLEMAN, dealer in Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Silverware, Musical Instruments, etc. No. 5 South Erie street.

B. G. B.

Emptying the Shelves

—we're at it now, and it's being done more determinedly than ever before—not a bit of surplus stock reserved—such

Low Prices on Choice Goods as were never before heard of.

Lots of folk have new or additional Jackets and Capes and children's garments to buy—and the girls need new school dresses—and new gowns are wanted

This is the Chance of the year to buy them—get choice things—and save—an opportunity you can't afford to miss investigating.

Send for samples of choice Dress Goods marked down to **25, 50 and 75c.** and fine 50 inch Broadcloth, 50c—and handsome Black goods 50 and 75c.

Write for detailed information about Suits, Waists, Furs, Jackets, Capes and other unsamplable goods being sacrificed in this emptying sale—everything with a price on to sell it.

Ladies and Misses Jackets, half price. The most remarkable sacrifice of choice goods in the store's history—in your own interest, don't miss it.

BOGGS & BUHL, ALLEGHENY, PA.

GOT A SORE THROAT?

Don't let it run on—it may prove dangerous. Go to your druggist and ask for

TONSILINE.

Tonsiline cures any mouth or throat affection and does it promptly and thoroughly. It's the stitch in time. Don't neglect to use it.

25 and 50 Cents, at all druggists. THE TONSILINE CO., - - CANTON, O.

Advised by a Friend.
"My brother had an attack of fever and when he recovered from this, rheumatism settled in his left arm and he suffered very much. A friend advised him to try Hood's Sarsaparilla and he did so. After taking two bottles he was cured. It has also cured my youngest brother of eczema." S. L. WINKLE, Roundbottom, Ohio.

Hood's Pills act easily and promptly on the liver and bowels. Cure sick headache.

Piles! Piles! Piles!
Dr. Williams' Indian Pile Ointment will cure bleeding, ulcerated and itching piles. It absorbs the tumors, allays the itching at once, acts as a poultice, gives instant relief. Dr. Williams' Indian Pile Ointment is prepared only for piles and itching of the private parts, and nothing else. Every box is guaranteed. Sold by druggists, sent by mail, for 50c, and \$1 per box. Write to M. F. Co., Prop., Cleveland, O.
For sale by T. T. Baltzly, Massillon, O.
Now is the time to subscribe.

CAST VOTES JOINTLY.

Balloting For Senator at Columbus Today.

MR. HANNA IS LIKELY TO WIN.

He Had a Majority of One When the Two Branches Voted Separately Yesterday—Bribery Charges Again Emanating From Both Sides.

COLUMBUS, Jan. 12.—The legislature is voting for United States senator on joint ballot today.

The warfare against Hanna is not over. It is having at least one more day of charges and counter-charges. The fight has never been more bitter than it is today. Senator Hanna received 73 votes yesterday, a majority of one over all in a total membership of 145. The senate voted 19 for McKisson and 17 for Hanna.

The house vote stood: Hanna, 56; McKisson, 49; Wiley, 1; Warner, 1; Lentz, 1, and one absent.

The only absentee was Representative Cramer, the Democratic Populist member from Paulding county, who is seriously sick. He was not in his seat today. After the vote was received and recorded yesterday in each branch of the legislature separately, a majority of a quorum or of those present is all that is necessary in the joint balloting today, so that the serious illness of Representative Cramer might become an important factor.

The scattering vote yesterday for Lentz, Wiley and Warner was cast by Representatives Wiley, Hazlett and Hess, all Democrats. If Cramer had been present and all other Democrats in line, McKisson's vote in the house would have been 63 or still three short of a majority in that branch of the legislature. With Hanna having a majority of three in the house, McKisson having a majority of two in the senate, the chair announced today that there was no election yesterday and that a joint ballot was in order. As soon as the two bodies met in joint convention at noon, their respective journals of yesterday were read and the lieutenant governor made the usual official declaration.

If all the senators and representatives are recorded on the joint ballot today as they were recorded on their respective ballots, Senator Hanna will have a majority of only one over all. But in the absence of Representative Cramer and by some of the Democrats refusing to vote for Mayor McKisson, he is likely to have a larger majority on record on the journal of the joint convention. With the result apparently hanging on the change of only one vote, the contest has continued the same as it has been going on here for the past two weeks.

The seven Republicans who refused to vote for Senator Hanna have since signed statements that burn the bridges behind them. Senator Burke, Representatives Scott, Mason, Jones and Rutan say they will vote for Hanna if the Otis charges are proven to be untrue. Representatives Otis and Bramley, however, simply signed a codicil to the statement of the other five dissenters, in which they concur in asking for an investigation, but they state that they will not vote for Senator Hanna under any circumstances.

While the bureaus of claims and of charges are in full operation on both sides as usual, there are also reports about the bribery charges being pre-terted to the grand jury of Hamilton county and of Franklin county. The grand jurors are in session in both of these counties, and there are current reports of efforts to secure indictments today.

As Representative Otis claims to have been offered a bribe at his home in Cincinnati, that case could be brought only before the grand jury of Hamilton county, and it would be necessary for Representative Otis to be there as a witness. If the vote is cast today as it was cast yesterday, the absence of Mr. Otis and others opposed to Hanna would have no effect on the result.

There was talk of filibustering, but the opposition could not break a joint quorum if all their members should remain away.

The other case of alleged bribery comes from the other side. Representative Snider of Green county, who has been stopping at the Neil House during the past week, voted for Hanna, for Boxwell for speaker last Monday a week and attended the Republican house caucus one week ago last Saturday. The opponents of Senator Hanna have been after him closely and constantly. It is alleged that Mr. Madley came to the Neil House last week to see Mr. Snider and that he claimed to represent Kurtz and Bliss. Representative Snider had been anticipating the visit and a stenographer was concealed in the bathroom adjoining his apartments.

It is charged that Mr. Snider was offered \$5,000 for his vote and that the names of his backers were given by the caller. The stenographic report of the conversation between Snider and Madley is in the hands of Hon. E. F. Rathbone, who was assistant postmaster general under Harrison and is here as one of the managers for Hanna. It has been reported for several days that this case was before the grand jury of Franklin county, but when that body closed its work last evening it was unofficially stated that neither the Madley case nor any other case connected with the senatorial contest was before that body.

While it is not likely that any indictment will be made, yet it is quite probable that there will be an attempt in the legislature today for a dramatic scene on the charges of bribery.

The opposition is charging the Hanna men with voting down the motions and the resolutions for an investigation of the bribery charges made by Representative Otis. The Hanna men say they will give the fullest consideration to this investigation at the proper time, but that the purpose of these charges now is to stampede the legislature on the balloting for senator, and that such a scheme cannot be carried through.

Some of the Hanna men also state that at the proper time they will reorganize the house, as the vote of yesterday showed that they had a majority of three over all in that body.

The success of Senator Hanna was not settled until a clock yesterday morning, when Representative Drost of Cincinnati affixed his signature to an agreement to support Hanna yesterday and today. This was the outcome of the all-night session of the Hanna managers, and after the fusion had agreed to support Mayor McKisson for the senatorship instead of Charles Kurtz, as had been agreed upon. It is claimed that several Democrats refused to vote for Kurtz because he would not, like McKisson, agree to vote for free silver legislation in the senate.

Harry C. Mason of Cleveland, speaker of the house, gave out the following:

To the Public:
"The principal reason why I have been opposed to Mr. Hanna is because of the fact that two years ago, when the 50-year franchise bill was before the legislature, I was approached by a man from Cleveland who was lobbying in the interest of that bill. He offered me a bribe of \$1,000 if I would vote for that measure."

"At my conference with Mr. Hanna, last Saturday, I told him that this reason would prevent my from supporting him, because I believed he knew the street railway of which he was president was behind the men who offered the bribe and that he himself was on the ground lobbying in the interest of the bill."

"HARRY C. MASON."
The Democratic steering committee of the fusionists issued the following manifesto:

To the Public:
Marcus A. Hanna will not be elected by this legislature.

ALLEN O. MYERS, JAMES ROSS, R. R. DITTY.

The following was the ballot in the senate for short term:

McKisson—Burke, R. Broder, D. Cohen, D., Cromley, D., Decker, D., Doty, D., Finck, D., Harper, D., Jones, D., Kennon, D., Lee, D., Long, D., Miller, D., Mitchell, D., Nichols, D., Pugh, D., Robertson, D., Schafer, D., Valentine, D., Total, 19.

Hanna—Alexander, R., Blake, R., Cable, R., Carpenter, R., Crandall, R., Dodge, R., Garfield, R., Lutz, R., May, R., Plummer, R., Riley, R., Sheppard, Sullivan, R., Voight, Ind. R., Wightman, R., Williams, R., Wolcott, R., Total, 17.

There were no changes in the ballot for the full term.

The following was the ballot for the short term in the house:

McKisson—Adams, D., Agler, D., Bartlow, D., Boll, D., Booth, D., Bower, D., Brackbill, D., Bramley, R., Cline, D., Crampton, D., Cox, D., Deran, D., Gayman, D., Goard, D., Hadden, D., Hater, D., Heyde, D., Hull, D., Hunter, D., Jones, R., Kempe, D., Kennedy, D., Lamb, D., Ludwig, D., MacBroom, D., McGlinchey, D., Magee, D., Mober, D., Monte, D., Miles, D., O'Neill, D., Otis, Ind. R., Payne, D., Piper, D., Powell, Ross, D., Rothe, D., Russell, D., Rutan, R., Schmeider, D., Scott, R., Smaller, D., Spelmeyer, D., Stivers, R., Williams, D., Speaker Mason, R., Total, 49.

Hanna—Allen, R., Arbuz, R., Armstrong, R., Ashford, R., Baldwin, Ind. R., Batty, R., Bell, R., Bennett, R., Bonner, R., Bowen, R., Boxwell, R., Breck, R., Bragunt, R., Chapman, R., Clark, R., Clifford, R., Davies, R., Davis, R., Drost, Ind. R., Dutton, R., Griffith, Clinton, R., Griffith, Union, R., Hinsdale, R., Howard, R., Johnson, R., Joyce, R., Kemper, Ind. R., Lane, Ind. R., Leeper, R., Leland, R., Love, R., McCormick, R., McQuinn, R., McKisson, R., Munn, R., Meacham, R., Means, R., Morrow, R., Norris, R., Parker, R., Rankin, Clark, R., Rankin, Fayette, R., Redker, R., Reynolds, R., Roberts, R., Shaw, R., Smith, Adams, R., Smith, Delaware, R., Snider, R., Snyder, R., Stewart, Clark, R., Stewart, Mahoning, R., Strimling, R., Strong, R., Taylor, R., Waddell, R., Total, 36.

Lentz—Wiley, D. Wiley—Hazlett, D. Warner—Hess, D. Absent—Cramer, D.

The ballot for the long term was the same as for the short term.

THE HOUSE SESSION.

Senatorial Scenes During the Balloting For Senator.

COLUMBUS, Jan. 12.—When the house assembled for business the call showed that Representative Cramer, Democratic member from Paulding county, was the only absentee, and the sergeant at arms was dispatched for him. Mr. Cramer is very sick. His physician forbids his attendance, but Mr. Cramer requested to be carried to the hall of the house. On the first call Dutton of Morgan and Munn of Montgomery did not respond, but they were soon found in the lobby.

Quite a large delegation went to the boardroom of Representative Cramer to fight it out with his physician and family. After waiting a half hour the Republicans moved that further proceedings in the house be dispensed with. As this meant to proceed with the ballot in the absence of Cramer, there was a close fight on the motion. The test vote resulted: Ayes, 56, nays, 32, and the house dispensed with the call and proceeded to business. Great applause on the Republican side.

Representative Kinney rose to a question of privilege and had read the charges of office to bribe Representative John C. Otis of Hamilton county. He offered a resolution that a committee of three be appointed at once to investigate those specific charges and any other charges of bribery affecting any member of this house.

Mr. Ashford moved to amend the resolution so that said committee of five be empowered to investigate any other charges or persons in connection with the election of United States senator.

The ayes and nays were called on every motion and there was an attempt at this juncture to delay the proceedings by these calls.

A motion was made on the Democratic side to suspend the rules and consider the Kinney resolution at once. This was defeated by the same vote of 52 ayes and 36 nays when there was again applause on the Republican side.

The votes were on strict party lines, with the exception of Speaker Mason of Cuyahoga, Representatives Bramley of Cuyahoga, Jones of Stark, Scott of Fulton and Otis of Hamilton, who voted with the 47 Democratic members. The name of Marcus A. Hanna was

then presented by Representative Leland of Noble and seconded by T. R. Smith of Delaware.

The name of Mayor Robert E. McKisson of Cleveland was presented by Representative Bramley.

Representative Leland praised Senator Hanna in a dignified manner, but Representative Smith referred to the treachery in the party in strong terms. This brought out Representative Bramley in vigorous terms in presenting the name of McKisson. There were loud demonstrations of hisses with cries of "traitor." The nomination of McKisson was seconded by Jones of Stark county, also a Republican. The Democrats took no part, except in voting and applauding. Jones praised President McKinley in his speech and denounced Senator Hanna.

Representative Drost announced that he had intended to present the name of Joseph Garand, but he would not now do so at the request of that gentleman.

The cheering at the names of Griffith of Union, Munn of Montgomery, Joyce of Huron, Drost, Kemper and Lane of Hamilton were cast for Hanna were tremendous. Representative Otis desired to explain his vote, but was shut off under the rules and the balloting went on with cheers in the gallery for Hanna.

When the result of the ballot was announced as Hanna, 56; McKisson, 49; Warner, 1; Wiley, 1; Lentz, 1, there was considerable stir on the Democratic side. Speaker Mason announced that Marcus A. Hanna, having received a majority of the votes of the house, was the choice of that body for the short term.

The cheering outside the halls for Hanna was echoed in the ears of the members as the results were announced.

The ballot was then taken for the long term, and its announcement was greeted with another long and loud demonstration. On both ballots Representative Cramer was absent, and there were thus 105 cast, as follows:

Hanna, 56; McKisson, 49; Wiley, 1; Warner, 1; Lentz, 1; absent, 1. At 12:15 the house adjourned and the hall was used for a jollification meeting, with the crowd singing "Praise God From Whom All Blessings Flow."

THE SENATE SESSION.

How the Voting Proceeded in the Upper Branch.

COLUMBUS, Jan. 12.—The senate chamber was crowded to its limit when at 11 o'clock the first move in the great senatorial contest was made. When the lieutenant governor rapped for order and announced that the balloting for a United States senator was now under consideration perfect quiet immediately reigned. Not a sound was heard.

It was just 11 o'clock when Senator Sullivan arose to nominate Senator Hanna. During the delivery of the address it was a somewhat remarkable scene. The senators sat perfectly quiet, facing the speaker. Crowded into the hall were several hundred people, taking up every possible foot of space, and yet not a sound could be heard save the words of the speaking senator.

As Senator Burke pronounced the name of Mr. McKisson there was a perfect silence, though some feeling could be plainly seen in the faces of the audience. Senator Wolcott of Cleveland immediately seconded the nomination of Senator Hanna. The nomination of Mayor McKisson was seconded by Senator Finck.

Lieutenant Governor Jones then announced that the ballot would be taken by the senators rising in their seats and naming their choice.

Two votes were taken, one for the short and one for the long term. The short term was voted for first.

Senator Burke of Cleveland was the only Republican in the senate who did not vote for Hanna. Senator Voight, the fusionist from Cincinnati, voted for Hanna, as did all the fusion representatives from Hamilton county except Otis, who did not produce the dramatic scene that had been announced and was generally expected.

The ballot in the senate for the long term stood 19 for McKisson and 17 for Hanna, the same as on the ballot for the short term. With the 17 in the senate and 36 in the house, Hanna has just the requisite 73 votes for his election with all present, but the absence of Representative Cramer, Democrat, who is dangerously sick, Hanna has one to spare.

A remarkable scene took place in the senate chamber when the vote from the house was announced. The Republican senators, inspired by the encouraging news, stood in their chairs and upon the floor and shouted themselves hoarse with calls for Hanna and victory. Nothing like it was ever seen in an Ohio senate chamber. "What's the matter with Hanna?" they shouted, and the call came back: "He's all right." It was several minutes before the hall was cleared.

FORAKER BREAKS SILENCE.

Glad, He Says, That the Senatorial Contest Is Over.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 12.—When asked his opinion on the subject of the first day's balloting in the Ohio senatorial situation Senator Foraker said:

It seems to me that Ohio has spoken for herself and that there is not much more to say.

The contest has been extraordinary in many respects and all who have the good of the party at heart must be glad that it is ended. The feeling that has been aroused has been very bitter, but I trust that natural conditions will soon obtain and that a united party will be the result.

I know nothing of the proceedings beyond the newspaper reports, but I do not see any reason to think the result today will be different from that yesterday. I am glad that it is over so soon. A protracted deadlock, as in the Kentucky case, would have been deplorable.

The senator called on the president, and it is supposed they discussed the Ohio senatorial situation.

Wright's Celery Tea cures constipation, sick headache, fits at druggists.

THOUSANDS STARVING.

A United States Government Visited Cuba.

FULLY 200,000 HAVE PERISHED.

The Prospects Good For the Remaining 200,000 to Die From the Same Cause. \$20,000 a Day Needed—Congress Should Take Action Immediately.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 12.—Hon. Charles K. Russell, assistant United States attorney in the department of justice, has returned from Cuba, where he had spent two weeks investigating the conditions prevailing on the island.

He spent two weeks in Cuba, visited Havana, went south to Jaruco, southeast to Guines, northeast to Matanzas, eastward about 200 miles through the middle of the country to San Domingo, Santa Clara and Sagua La Grande. He also visited Marianao, a short distance west of Havana, and saw along the railroad 50 or 40 towns or stations.

He says that in Havana and elsewhere he found reconcentrados begging, starving and suffering from diseases produced by lack of food. It was heart-rending. Only remnants of many families were living. At many places they were huddled together in huts, surrounded and guarded by blockhouses.

They had no work to do, no soil to till, no seed to plant, and only begging to live or starve.

The Spanish soldiers also were in bad shape from need of food.

Fully 200,000 persons have starved to death.

In the city of Santa Clara over 1,000 died in November and over 900 in December.

He says the remaining 200,000 people will likely starve to death. Many are now too far gone to be saved.

Mr. Russell says there is no sign of cessation of hostilities.

What is needed is \$20,000 a day to be distributed by the United States consuls. The present private relief is hardly enough to relieve the suffering in Havana alone.

He intimates that congress should take immediate action.

METHODIST MISSION BOARD.

A Meeting Convened in New York—Interesting Statistics.

NEW YORK, Jan. 12.—The first session of the sixth conference of the foreign mission board of the United States and Canada is in session in the Methodist building. There are 33 foreign missionary societies of the evangelical churches of the United States. The work of these societies includes 1,093 principal stations, 6,247 outstations, 3,574 American laborers, 15,564 native laborers, 3,896 churches, 430,266 communicants, 34,870 additions last year, 232,563 children and young people under instruction, native contributions last year of \$248,159 and a total income last year of \$4,233,611.

These statistics are exclusive of the work done by some of the societies in Protestant Europe. There are six foreign missionary societies in Canada, whose work includes 89 principal stations, 227 outstations, 242 Canadian missionaries, 506 native laborers, 113 native churches, 9,141 communicants, 1040 additions last year, native contributions last year of \$32,339 and contributions in Canada last year of \$284,706.

EPISCOPAL TEMPERANCE SOCIETY.

Bishop Doane Presided at the Meeting in New York.

NEW YORK, Jan. 12.—The annual meeting of the Church Temperance Society of America has been in this city. This is a national organization under the auspices of the Episcopal church. Bishop Doane of Albany presided and made a short address. General Scroggins' annual report showed that the work during the past year had been very successful. The report of the women's auxiliary committee was read by Miss H. D. Fellows, corresponding secretary.

The following officers were elected: The Rt. Rev. W. C. Doane, chairman; Rev. C. DeWitt Brodman, D. D., vice chairman; Irving Grinnell, treasurer; Robert Graham, general secretary.

Women's auxiliary—Mrs. George S. Bodern, president; Mrs. Irving Grinnell, vice president; Mrs. Charles Townsend, treasurer; Miss H. D. Fellows, corresponding secretary; Miss H. K. Graham, recording secretary.

All the officers are of New York.

Railroad Over Dalton Trail.

TACOMA, Jan. 12.—It is definitely announced by A. C. Brattinover that the Rothschilds would build a railroad into the Yukon country over the Dalton trail.

PITH OF THE NEWS.

Jules Verne is just reaching his 70th year at Amiens, where he is a municipal councillor.

Living tortois, with their backs covered with jewels, attached by a gold chain to women's dresses, are the rage in Paris. They cost about £10 (\$80).

The gravity of the British engineers' dispute is illustrated by the fact shown in the board of trade returns, that the export of steam engines and other machinery declined \$2,014,255 in December and \$3,669,825 for the year.

The damp, muggy weather has had an alarming effect on the health of London. The mortality is 50 per cent above the normal rate, and the fatalities through throat and chest affections are enormous, footing up 702 last week.

Last year's record of Irish crime was the lowest since 1831. Abnormal crime so declined that the government abolished the four divisional commissioner-ships appointed by Lord Spencer, while the royal Irish constabulary is being reduced by 800 men, leaving the force at its normal strength of 10,000.

CIVIL SERVICE DEBATE ENDED.

Not Even a Vote on the Section Causing the Talk.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 12.—The civil service debate which was inaugurated in the house a week ago has ended. It opened with a row but ended very tamely. There was not even a vote on the appropriation in the legislative, executive and judicial departments on bill for the civil service law which he bill was pending. The Republicans who are asking to modify or repeal the law decided to let the debate come to a close, but it required the casting vote of the speaker to accomplish this. There are conflicting statements as to the situation in which the future conduct of the war against the civil service law is left. All the Republican opponents of the law agree that the fight is to be kept up, and it is positively stated by Mr. Pearson, Republican of North Carolina, that assurances have been received from those in authority in the house that an opportunity will be given in the future for the consideration of a bill to modify the law. But from other sources the statement cannot be confirmed.

The debate was quite dull until the closing hour, when Mr. Simpson, the Kansas Populist, enlivened it with some references to the Ohio senatorial election. Mr. Bailey, the Democratic leader, made a clear statement of the minority position, which indicates that the minority will vote to repeal, but not to modify the law. The principal speech of the day was made by Mr. Brodson, chairman of the civil service commission, who defended the law in a two-hour speech.

MEADE SAVED THE NATION.

Therefore Allen Thinks His Daughters Should Be Pensioned.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 12.—After the transaction of some routine business in the senate Mr. Gallinger, chairman of the committee on pensions, reported adversely from the committee a bill to grant a pension of \$100 a month each to Margaret Butler Meade and Henrietta Meade, daughters of the late Major General George G. Meade, and asked that the bill be indefinitely postponed.

Mr. Allen said he had a distinct recollection of several instances of pensions being granted to the daughters of soldiers, and expressed the opinion that this bill ought at least to go to the calendar for discussion. He thought he could not be accused of too great liberality, but in this case the soldier, General Meade, had performed remarkable service.

In his (Allen's) opinion, it was a serious question whether if General Meade had not been at the battle of Gettysburg we should have had a government today.

In reply, Mr. Gallinger said that he had not the slightest objection to the consideration of the bill, but he desired to say to the senate and the country that if the government enters upon the business of pensioning the daughters of soldiers the pension list will be swelled to billions instead of millions of dollars.

AL

LOCAL HAPPENINGS.

Discovered this Week by Independent Investigators.

Main street, of Alliance, will be paved at a cost of \$12,000.

Mrs. Fred Ellery, of Ubrichville, is the guest of Massillon relatives.

Theodore Crowl, of LaGrange, Ind., is the guest of his brother-in-law, John J. Rose.

J. K. McLaughlin has returned from Harrison county, where he spent a week.

Mr. and Mrs. William Stuhldreier will move into their new home, in North Mill street, on Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. D. P. Merrell have been called to Hubbard by the death of their niece, Miss Burnett.

The congregation of the Faith Lutheran chapel has purchased the pews formerly in Grace chapel.

Miss Anna Peacock has returned to Nottingham school, Cleveland, after spending the holidays in Massillon.

The ninth annual meeting of the Wayne county farmers' institute will be held at Wooster, January 31 and February 1.

The machine, boiler and paint departments of the Cleveland & Pittsburg railway shops, at Wellsville, are working thirteen hours a day.

Clement Ulrich was pleasantly surprised by a party of about 40 young friends at his home in Cliff street, Friday night. A sumptuous luncheon was served.

Mr. Benjamin Smith, of Pigeon Run, and Miss Rosa Kramer were married at the home of the bride's parents, in Richville avenue, on Tuesday evening. Mr. and Mrs. Smith will reside in Pigeon Run.

Invitations announce the marriage of Miss Bessie Beatrice Barr to Mr. George Chandler Kimbark on Thursday, January the twentieth at half after three o'clock at Trinity Lutheran church, Canton.

Invitations have been issued by Mr. and Mrs. George Louis Albrecht for the marriage of their daughter Evelyn, to Doctor Robert Dimon, on Wednesday, January nineteenth, at twelve o'clock, at St. John's Evangelical church.

A tramp with a bullet wound in his hand, which he had made a rude attempt to dress, visited Diamond alley Saturday morning, and citizens asked the police to take charge of him. Before they could arrive, however, the man had disappeared.

Chief Engineer Woods, of the New York Dredging Company, for which concern the Massillon Bridge Company is building an immense bridge that will be taken to Colombia, South America, spent Friday in this city looking over the plans and work.

Burglars cracked the safe in the Valley depot at Greentown, Thursday morning, and secured about two dollars. An attempt was made to blow open the safe of the American Cereal Company, but failed. It is thought the work was done by experts.

The new water plant of the C. & L. & W. railway now being completed, trains no longer stop at the old place, whose close proximity to the West Main street crossing and to the beginning of a steep grade always made it anything but a desirable point.

The rainfall for December, according to the gauge of Supt. Inman, of the Massillon Water Supply Company, was 1.50 inches. That of the same month the preceding year was 2.65 inches. The rainfall for the entire year of 1897 was 33.21 inches; 1896, 38.19; 1895, 26.84; 1894, 24.04; 1893, 33.92; 1892, 38.35 inches.

A. E. Caddy, who was once with the Massillon Bridge Company, is now engineer in charge of work of the Keystone Bridge Company, of Pittsburgh. W. P. Parker, formerly of Massillon, is also with this concern. J. H. Griffith, another erstwhile Massillon Bridge Company man, is now professor of mathematics in the University of Wisconsin.

Susan A. Lindesmith, of Alliance, has sued the Pennsylvania railroad company for \$10,000 for the death of her husband. Lindesmith was a brakeman and; it is claimed, came to his death on account of the negligence and incompetency of a fireman in handling a train while the conductor and engineer were at dinner.

General Passenger Agent M. G. Carrel, of the C. & L. & W. road, has issued a message ticket for advertising purposes which he believes is safe. In preparing the book Mr. Carrel has followed the idea which he suggested to the Central Passenger Association when it was considering the modification of its interchangeable ticket.

Mrs. S. M. Knapp entertained an informal progressive whist party, on Friday evening, in honor of Mrs. William N. Thornburgh, of Chicago. Mrs. C. J. Brown won the first prize, a delicious angel cake, and Mrs. C. F. Porter the second, an after dinner coffee cup. Those present were Mrs. Warren Jacobs, Mrs. B. McCue, Mrs. James McLain, Mrs. C. J. Brown, Mrs. Webb, Miss Harriet Russell and Mrs. C. F. Porter.

The two farms in Lawrence township formerly owned by George Harsh, were sold on Thursday by the executors as directed by the will. The Kaylor or Cooper farm on which the coal was reserved for Mrs. Pierce's children was bought by Mrs. Pierce at \$45 per acre, and the Heinbach or mountain farm was also bought by Mrs. Pierce with no reservations at \$55.25 per acre. Each tract was a full quarter section. Although the day was bad the attendance was good and the bidding spirited.

Mrs. James H. McLain entertained a large party of ladies with progressive euchre, on Friday afternoon, in honor of Mrs. Frank C. McLain, of New York.

The McLains were occupied and eight

teen games played, at the conclusion of which Mrs. George Russell was declared winner of the first prize, a beautiful centerpiece of Battenberg embroidery, and Miss Evelyn Albrecht the second, an entire dish. Mrs. George Russell received the consolation prize, a Delft vase. The house was beautifully decorated with cut flowers, palms and ferns. Mrs. Percy McLain, of Canton, was among the guests.

The Cossack brothers, of Massillon, are negotiating with the proprietors of the new North Lawrence opera house, with a view to putting on their show as the opening attraction. The Cossack brothers are singers, dancers and acrobats. They showed at East Greenville the other evening to a large audience.

A PREHISTORIC VILLAGE.

John Stepper, of Wilmot, Makes a Great Discovery on His Farm.

John Stepper, of Wilmot, takes great delight in the study of antiquities. On his farm in Sugar Creek township, Mr. Stepper has unearthed what he thinks are the remains of a village and cemetery of a prehistoric tribe, and when he comes to Massillon he always spends some time discussing his find with the local antiquaries.

"This land has been in cultivation for many years," said Mr. Stepper, the other day, "and hundreds of stone and hematite implements, such as double-bitted axes, (one of which Dr. A. P. L. Perse, of Massillon, has in his valuable collection,) banner stones and hammers have been found, besides fragments of sandstone pottery and hundreds of perfect flint arrow-heads, and a sandstone polishing implement, which I presented to C. L. Baatz, of Massillon. I suppose one of the finest specimens found here is an effigy pipe made of some black unknown material. It was found by Josiah Stepper and was purchased by Mr. Reed, of Dalton. This village site lies at the fork of Sugar Creek and Fox run.

"On the north side of Fox run, about fifty yards from the village, is what I think was the burying ground of prehistoric man. While plowing for wheat last fall I noticed the plow would turn up a cluster of flat limestone rock for seven or eight rounds exactly at the same place. I supposed it to be a grave, and examination revealed the fact that cremation had been practiced among the people who made them. The limestone lay in a burned substance resembling brick or ballast and had to be penetrated to the depth of several inches. This burned layer extended over the whole base of the grave. About three feet underneath the layer of burned substance were found pieces of charred wood intermingled with black loam. This limestone had been carried there, as there is no limestone on or near the place. This being the third find of this kind, it would indicate that this was once a burying ground. I have about 1,500 good specimens, one-half of which were found on this farm."

Coal Mining Notes.

The new coal mine in the Mudbrook vein at Crystal Spring, recently opened by the Ridgway Burton Company, is being worked by an efficient force of men under the supervision of John Hodgen, and shows coal of an excellent quality.

The annual report of the Hon. William Ruehrwein, commissioner of labor statistics for Ohio, which has just been filed with Governor Bushnell, shows that during the year ending January 1, 1897, the earnings of the coal miners of the state were less than in any year in the history of the trade. The extremely low price paid for mining and the decrease in the demand for coal, because of the general stagnation of business in manufacturing circles, are given as the main causes.

A minimum freight rate of thirty cents a ton for coal has been agreed upon by coal shippers and a committee of the Lake Carriers' Association. The matter will be acted upon at the annual meeting of the association in the middle of January.

It is stated that the Hocking valley operators have agreed at their recent New York meeting to work in closer harmony, but that the details of their plan have not yet been worked out and may not be for a month. They include a centralized selling agency, which, however, will operate through the existing selling agencies of the various companies.

A large drygoods concern in Kansas City, which uses five large furnaces, has done away with the smoke nuisance, from its stack, by putting in slack grates and using a semi-anthracite coal. The saving in coal has already paid for the changing of the grates.

Mothers' Club Meeting.

The annual election of officers of the Mother's club was held last Thursday afternoon, as follows: President, Mrs. Clarence McLain; vice president, Mrs. Geo. Yost; secretary, Mrs. Frank Humberger; treasurer, Mrs. Samuel Oberlin, Jr.; executive committee, Mrs. H. V. Kramer, Mrs. Jesse Pitts, Mrs. J. E. Johns. Miss Olive Smith was elected head of the literary committee with the privilege of selecting her assistants. The chief object of the club is to better equip mothers for their mission in life, that of guiding the dear little ones, placed in their care. Meetings are held every Thursday afternoon at two o'clock in the Sunday school room of the First Methodist Episcopal church. Mothers can bring their children. Miss Edna Ridenhour has charge of the children in the dining room of the church. Visitors are welcome and women, whether mothers or not, are gladly received as members. The club is now studying Mrs. Elizabeth Harrison's "Child of Nature."

Takes the burn out; heals the wound; cures the pain. Dr. Thomas's Electric Oil, the household remedy.

Wright's Celery Tea cures constipation, sick headache, 27c at druggists.

When doctors fail try Burdock Blood Bitters. Cures dyspepsia, constipation, invigorates the whole system.

PROMISES DON'T HOLD.

The Solemn Assurances of John P. Jones Go for Nothing.

HIS SENSE OF HONOR AND JUSTICE.

Judge Baldwin, Relying on Statements that Mr. Jones was for Hanna, Worked for His Election—Chairman Carnes Does Not Regard the Case as Hopeless.

The Canton Repository of Friday evening contains the report of a conversation with Judge George E. Baldwin with regard to the outlook at Columbus. Judge Baldwin said: "Our people down there think they have enough to elect Mr. Hanna when the vote is taken. As to John P. Jones, he will vote against Mr. Hanna. He has made up his mind to that from all appearances, and nothing can change him. I did not see him while I was in Columbus, as I had other work to do. The ones that did see him from this county, however, used all kinds of arguments with him, appealed to his sense of honor and justice, but it seemed to do no good. I went to Jones before his nomination and he gave me an absolute promise, that in case he was nominated and elected, he would vote for Mr. Hanna for Senator. I went to him and told him that I wanted to know just where he stood on the question; that if he was not for Mr. Hanna he would be beaten at the nomination. He gave me the most solemn assurances that he was for Mr. Hanna, first, last, and all the time. I relied on his statement and worked for his election on that assurance."

Stark County Republican Chairman Carnes does not regard the case as entirely hopeless, for while Jones in various conversations has made it clear that he was predisposed to vote against Senator Hanna, yet he has always left the way open to vote for Mr. Hanna if he should finally decide to do so.

"While a number of Republican representatives," said, Chairman Carnes, "have voted for the opposition in the organization of the House, we were confident that some of these Republicans would vote for Senator Hanna. This might be the position of Mr. Jones, and if he should finally vote for Senator Hanna he might claim to have fulfilled his pledges to his constituents. I do not think this is the position he should have occupied, nor any other Republican representative. The election of Senator Hanna was the chief object aimed at during the campaign. The purpose of every Republican should now be to attain that object. Every proper effort should be made to convince Mr. Jones that this is his duty to his constituents. Hence, I think anything that will make clear the overwhelming sentiment in this county for Senator Hanna may do good. We should all remember that methods of courteous persuasion are more likely to succeed. The entire Republican executive committee of the county have already by letters and by personal interviews tried to impress upon Mr. Jones that his duty to them and the Republicans of the county is to vote for Senator Hanna. Until recently we have had no doubt that he would do so, and our faith that he would do so was based upon his own declaration to that effect on various occasions. If he fails to do so, he has simply grossly deceived us."

RAILWAY EARNINGS.

Steady Increase in Business Reported by Local Agents.

The general business of the C. & L. & W. and W. & L. E. railways continues to improve, and comparative statements show a considerable gain over corresponding months in 1896. An increase of \$2,410.66 in revenue from freight originating at Massillon, over December 1896, is shown by the December report just completed by Agent Edgar of the C. & L. & W. railway. The sale of passenger tickets increased \$565. Earnings from coal are not included in this statement.

The December report of Agent Hansen of the W. & L. E. railway, shows an increase of 665,603 pounds in freight shipments over the corresponding month in 1896. There were 21,228 tons of coal shipped from the Massillon district via the W. & L. E., last month and there was a slight advance in passenger traffic.

W. S. ANDERSON,

Of Peck P. O., Pike County, O., Recommends Wright's Celery Capsules.

PECK'S P. O., Pike County, O., July 4, '96. To the Wright Medical Company, Columbus, O.

GENTS—I have purchased a box of Wright's Celery Capsules from James T. Blasser, druggist, Waverly, O., and used them for stomach trouble and constipation. I was unable to do any work for nearly two years. I used three boxes of your Celery Capsules, and they have cured me. For the benefit of others so afflicted, I wish to send this letter.

Very truly yours,

W. S. ANDERSON. Sold by all druggists at 50c and \$1.00 per box. Send address on postal to the Wright Med. Co., Columbus, Ohio, for trial size, free.

Massillon & Cleveland Railroad Company OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY AND TREASURER, MASSILLON, O., Jan. 1, 1895.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of this company for the election of directors, and the transaction of any other business that may come before the meeting, will be held at the general office of the company, in the Massillon Savings & Banking Company, in the city of Massillon, O., on Tuesday, the first day of February, 1895, at 12 o'clock, noon.

JOHN J. HALEY, Secretary.

Wright's Celery Tea regulates the liver and kidneys, cures constipation and sick headache, 25c at all druggists.

THERE ARE OTHERS,

Plenty of Them, but so Different. Local Proof is What Massillon People Want.

There are a great many others. Every paper has its share. Statements hard to believe, harder to prove.

Statements from far away places. What people say in Maine. Public expression from California. Oftimes good endorsements there. But of little service here at home. Massillon people want local proof. The sayings of neighbors, friends and citizens.

Home endorsement counts. It disarms the skeptic, is beyond dispute.

This is the backing that stands behind every box of Doan's Kidney Pills.

Here is a case of it: Mrs. E. M. Shufelt, No. 76 Plum St., says: "After I had lagrippe my kidneys troubled me at intervals, causing my back to ache terribly. Cold or wet weather affected me and caused distressing pains across the loins which extended around the sides. In the morning I arose I felt depressed and unfreshened. When I stood on my feet or walked a long distance or did anything that required me to stoop over, my back would give out and ache, and often a quick flash of pain would dart through the kidneys. I tried Doan's Kidney Pills, getting them at Baltzly's drug store. I had no trouble after taking them. I heartily recommend the preparation."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Mailed by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States. Remember the name Doan's, and take no substitute.

THE STATE OF OHIO, } STARK COUNTY, ss. } Frank L. Baldwin, } Clerk of the Court, do hereby certify that by virtue of an order of sale issued by the Clerk of the Court of Common Pleas of Stark County, Ohio, and to me directed I will offer for sale at public auction, on the premises, 3 miles north of Massillon, on

Wednesday, January 26, 1898, the following described real estate, to-wit: Situate in Jackson Township in said County, being all that part of the northwest quarter of Section Twenty-eight in said Township, which is bounded as follows: Beginning at the northwest corner of said quarter, thence east along the north line thereof to the stream known as Mudbrook; thence along said stream south 27 degrees east to the center of the Middlebury road; thence along the middle of said road, 1st, south 27 degrees, west 27 1/2 chains to a stone, and 2nd, south 33 degrees, west 2 1/2 chains to the south line of said quarter; thence westwardly thereon 10 1/2 chains to the southwest corner, and thence north and on its west line 10 45 chains to the place of beginning, excepting the certain tract of 25 acres, more or less, off of the south side thereof, conveyed by said 4 days to Joseph Royer, April 30, 1888, and also excepting so much of the strip of land 10 rods wide off of the west side of said quarter, which, on August 20th, 1891, belonged to Moses Clay, being 4 acres in the north, and 4 acres in the south part thereof, leaving 2 acres, more or less, the middle of said strip, being in all, to be sold, 65 acres, more or less, with the appurtenances, but subject to all legal highways.

Appraised at four thousand, two hundred and twenty-five (\$4,225.00) dollars.

Terms—Cash.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock a. m.

H. RAMBOLD, Sheriff.

BALDWIN & YOUNG, Attorneys.

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BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

ATTORNEYS.

ROBERT H. FOLGER, Attorney at Law, 105 S. Commercial, Commissioner of Deeds for New York and Pennsylvania, and Notary Public Office second floor over Ruy, 105 S. Commercial, South Erie street, Massillon, O. Will give strict attention to all business entrusted to his care in Stark and the adjoining counties.

BANKS.

UNION NATIONAL BANK, Massillon Ohio Jos. Coleman, President, J. H. Hunt, Cashier.

PHYSICIANS.

D. B. W. H. KILLAND, Homeopathic Practitioner, Office No. 55 East Main street, Massillon, Ohio. Office open day and night.

HARDWARE.

S. A. CONRAD & CO., Dealer in Foreign and Domestic Hardware, etc., Main street.

MANUFACTORIES.

RUSSELL & CO., Manufacturers of Threshing Machines, Portable, Semi-Portable and Traction Engines, Horse powers, Saw Mills, etc.

MASSILLON ROLLING MILL, Jos. Corns & Son, Proprietors, manufacturers of a superior quality of Merchant Bar and Blacksmith Iron.

MASSILLON GLASS FACTORY, Manufacturers of Green Glass Hollow Ware, Beer Bottles, Flasks, etc.

MASSILLON IRON BRIDGE CO., Manufacturers of Bridges, Roofs and General Iron Structures.

JEWELERS.

F. VON KANDEL, East Side Jewelry Store, East Main street.

JOSEPH COLEMAN, dealer in Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Silverware, Musical Instruments, etc., No. 5 South Erie street.

B. G. B.

Emptying the Shelves

—we're at it now, and it's being done more determinedly than ever before—not a bit of surplus stock reserved—such

Low Prices on Choice Goods as were never before heard of.

Lots of folk have new or additional Jackets and Capes and children's garments to buy—and the girls need new school dresses—and new gowns are wanted

This is the Chance of the year to buy them—get choice things—and save—an opportunity you can't afford to miss investigating.

Send for samples of choice Dress Goods marked down to **25, 50 and 75c.** and fine 50 inch Broadcloth, 50c—and handsome Black goods 50 and 75c.

Write for detailed information about Suits, Waists, Furs, Jackets, Capes and other unsampleable goods being sacrificed in this emptying sale—everything with a price on to sell it.

Ladies and Misses Jackets, half price. The most remarkable sacrifice of choice goods in the store's history—in your own interest, don't miss it.

BOGGS & BUHL, ALLEGHENY, PA.

GOT A SORE THROAT?

Don't let it run on—it may prove dangerous. Go to your druggist and ask for

TONSILINE.

Tonsiline cures any mouth or throat affection and does it promptly and thoroughly. It's the stitch in time. Don't neglect to use it.

25 and 50 Cents, at all druggists.

THE TONSILINE CO., CANTON, O.

Advised by a Friend.
"My brother had an attack of fever and when he recovered from this, rheumatism settled in his left arm and he suffered very much. A friend advised him to try Hood's Sarsaparilla and he did so. After taking two bottles he was cured. It has also cured my youngest brother of eczema." S. L. WINKLE, Roundbottom, Ohio.

Hood's Pills act easily and promptly on the liver and bowels. Cure sick headache.

Piles! Piles! Piles!
Dr. Williams' Indian Pile Ointment will cure blind bleeding, ulcerated and itching piles. It absorbs the tumors, allays the itching at once, acts as a poultice, gives instant relief. Dr. Williams' Indian Pile Ointment is prepared only for piles and itching of the private parts, and nothing else. Every box is guaranteed. Sold by druggists, sent by mail, for 50c. and \$1 per box. Williams' Pile Ointment Co., Cleveland, O. For sale by Z. T. Baltzly, Massillon, O.

Now is the time to subscribe.

CAST VOTES JOINTLY.

Balloting For Senator at Columbus Today.

MR. HANNA IS LIKELY TO WIN.

He Had a Majority of One When the Two Branches Voted Separately Yesterday—Bribery Charges Again Emanating From Both Sides.

COLUMBUS, Jan. 12.—The legislature is voting for United States senator on joint ballot today.

The warfare against Hanna is not over. It is having at least one more day of charges and counter-charges. The fight has never been more bitter than it is today. Senator Hanna received 73 votes yesterday, a majority of one over all in a total membership of 145. The senate voted 19 for McKisson and 17 for Hanna.

The house vote stood: Hanna, 56; McKisson, 49; Wiley, 1; Warner, 1; Lentz, 1, and one absent.

The only absentee was Representative Cramer, the Democratic Populist member from Paulding county, who is seriously sick. He was not in his seat today. After the vote was received and recorded yesterday in each branch of the legislature separately, a majority of a quorum or of those present is all that is necessary in the joint balloting today, so that the serious illness of Representative Cramer might become an important factor.

The scattering vote yesterday for Lentz, Wiley and Warner was cast by Representatives Wiley, Hazlett and Hess, all Democrats. If Cramer had been present and all other Democrats in line, McKisson's vote in the house would have been 53 or still three short of a majority in that branch of the legislature. With Hanna having a majority of three in the house, McKisson having a majority of two in the senate, the chair announced today that there was no election yesterday and that a joint ballot was in order. As soon as the two bodies met in joint convention at noon, their respective journals of yesterday were read and the lieutenant governor made the usual official declaration.

If all the senators and representatives are recorded on the joint ballot today as they were recorded on their respective ballots, Senator Hanna will have a majority of only one over all. But in the absence of Representative Cramer and by some of the Democrats refusing to vote for Mayor McKisson, he is likely to have a larger majority on record on the journal of the joint convention. With the result apparently hanging on the change of only one vote, the contest has continued the same as it has been going on here for the past two weeks.

The seven Republicans who refused to vote for Senator Hanna have since signed statements that burn the bridges behind them. Senator Burke, Representatives Scott, Mason, Jones and Rutan say they will vote for Hanna if the Otis charges are proven to be untrue. Representatives Otis and Bramley, however, simply signed a codicil to the statement of the other five dissenters, in which they concur in asking for an investigation, but they state that they will not vote for Senator Hanna under any circumstances.

While the bureau of claims and of charges are in full operation on both sides as usual, there are also reports about the bribery charges being presented to the grand jury of Hamilton county and of Franklin county. The grand jurors are in session in both of these counties, and there are current reports of efforts to secure indictments today.

As Representative Otis claims to have been offered a bribe at his home in Cincinnati, that case could be brought only before the grand jury of Hamilton county, and it would be necessary for Representative Otis to be there as a witness. If the vote is cast today as it was cast yesterday, the absence of Mr. Otis and others opposed to Hanna would have no effect on the result.

There was talk of filibustering, but the opposition could not break a joint quorum if all their members should remain away.

The other case of alleged bribery comes from the other side. Representative Snider of Green county, who has been stopping at the Neil House during the past week, voted for Hanna, for Boxwell for speaker last Monday a week and attended the Republican house caucus one week ago last Saturday. The opponents of Senator Hanna have been after him closely and constantly. It is alleged that Mr. Madge came to the Neil House last week to see Mr. Snider and that he claimed to represent Kurtz and Bliss. Representative Snider had been anticipating the visit and a stenographer was concealed in the bathroom adjoining his apartments.

It is charged that Mr. Snider was offered \$5,000 for his vote and that the names of his backers were given by the caller. The stenographic report of the conversation between Snider and Madge is in the hands of Hon. E. F. Rathbone, who was assistant postmaster general under Harrison and is here as one of the managers for Hanna. It has been reported for several days that this case was before the grand jury of Franklin county, but when that body closed its work last evening it was unofficially stated that neither the Madge case nor any other case connected with the senatorial contest was before that body.

While it is not likely that any indictment will be made, yet it is quite probable that there will be an attempt in the legislature today for a dramatic scene on the charges of bribery.

The opposition is charging the Hanna men with voting down the motions and the resolutions for an investigation of the bribery charges made by Representative Otis. The Hanna men say they will give the fullest consideration to this investigation at the proper time, but that the purpose of these charges now is to stampede the legislature on the balloting for senator, and that such a scheme cannot be carried through.

Some of the Hanna men also state that at the proper time they will reorganize the house, as the vote of yesterday showed that they had a majority of three over all in that body.

The success of Senator Hanna was not settled until 5 o'clock yesterday morning, when Representative Droste of Cincinnati affixed his signature to an agreement to support Hanna yesterday and today. This was the outcome of the all-night session of the Hanna managers, and after the fusion had agreed to support Mayor McKisson for the senatorship instead of Charles Kurtz, as had been agreed upon. It is claimed that several Democrats refused to vote for Kurtz because he would not, like McKisson, agree to vote for free silver legislation in the senate.

Harry C. Mason of Cleveland, speaker of the house, gave out the following:

"The principal reason why I have been opposed to Mr. Hanna is because of the fact that two years ago, when the 50-year franchise bill was before the legislature, I was approached by a man from Cleveland who was lobbying in the interest of that bill. He offered me a bribe of \$1,000 if I would vote for that measure."

"At my conference with Mr. Hanna, last Saturday, I told him that this reason would prevent my from supporting him, because I believed he knew the street railway of which he was president was behind the men who offered the bribe and that he himself was on the ground lobbying in the interest of the bill."

"HARRY C. MASON."

The Democratic steering committee of the fusionists issued the following manifesto:

To the Public.
Marcus A. Hanna will not be elected by this legislature.

ALLEN O. MYERS, JAMES ROSS, R. R. DITTY.

The following was the ballot in the senate for short term:

McKisson—Burke, R., Broder, D., Cohen, D., Cromley, D., Decker, D., Doty, D., Elmer, D., Harper, D., Jones, D., Kennon, D., Leet, D., Long, R., Miller, D., Mitchell, D., Nichols, D., Pugh, D., Robertson, D., Schater, D., Valentine, D., Total, 19.

Hanna—Alexander, R., Blake, R., Cable, R., Carpenter, R., Crandall, R., Dodge, R., Garfield, R., Lutz, R., May, R., Phumor, R., Riley, R., Sheppard, Sullivan, R., Voigt, Ind. R., Wiseman, R., Williams, R., Wolcott, R., Total, 17.

There were no changes in the ballot for the full term.

The following was the ballot for the short term in the house:

McKisson—Adams, D.; Agler, D.; Bartlow, D.; Bell, D.; Bower, D.; Bruckner, D.; Bramley, R.; Chase, D.; Connolly, D.; Cox, D.; Deran, D.; Gayman, D.; Gourd, D.; Hadden, D.; Hater, D.; Heyde, D.; Hull, D.; Hunter, D.; Jones, R.; Kempe, D.; Kennedy, D.; Lamb, D.; Ludwig, D.; MacBroom, D.; McCall, R.; Magee, D.; Mebler, D.; Monte, D.; Niles, D.; O'Neil, D.; Otis, Ind. R.; Payne, D.; Piper, D.; Powell, Ross, D.; Rothe, D.; Russell, D.; Rutan, R.; Schmeider, D.; Scott, R.; Smalley, D.; Spelmeyer, D.; Stivers, D.; Williams, D.; Speaker Mason, R., Total, 49.

Allen, R.; Arbuz, R.; Arru, Armstrong, R.; Ashford, R.; Baldwin, R.; Batty, R.; Bell, R.; Bennett, D.; Bo-sard, R.; Bowman, R.; Boxwell, R.; Breck, R.; Brecount, R.; Chapman, R.; Clark, R.; Clifford, R.; Davies, R.; Davis, R.; Droste, Ind. R.; Dutton, R.; Griffith, Clinton, R.; Griffith, Union, R.; Hinsdale, R.; Howard, R.; Johnson, R.; Joyce, R.; Kemper, Ind. R.; Lane, Ind. R.; Leeper, R.; Leland, R.; Love, R.; McCormick, R.; McCurdy, R.; McKinnon, R.; Manuel, R.; Meacham, R.; Means, R.; Morrow, R.; Norris, R.; Parker, R.; Ransin, Clark, R.; Rankin, R.; Reiter, R.; Shaw, R.; Reynolds, R.; Roberts, R.; Slaw, R.; Smith, Ind. R.; Smith, Delaware, R.; Snider, R.; Snyder, R.; Stewart, Clark, R.; Stewart, Mahoning, R.; Strimble, Z.; Swingle, R.; Taylor, R.; Waddell, R., Total, 56.

Lentz—Wiley, D.

Warner—Hazlett, D.

Warner—Hess, D.

Absent—Cramer, D.

The ballot for the long term was the same as for the short term.

THE HOUSE SESSION.

Sensational Scenes During the Balloting For Senator.

COLUMBUS, Jan. 12.—When the house assembled for business the call showed that Representative Cramer, Democratic member from Paulding county, was the only absentee, and the sergeant-at-arms was dispatched for him. Mr. Cramer is very sick. His physician forbids his attendance, but Mr. Cramer requested to be carried to the hall of the house. On the first call Dutton of Morgan and Manuel of Montgomery did not respond, but they were soon found in the lobby.

Quite a large delegation went to the boardinghouse of Representative Cramer to fight it out with his physician and family. After waiting a half hour the Republicans moved that further proceedings in the house be dispensed with. As this meant to proceed with the balloting in the absence of Cramer, there was a close fight on the motion. The test vote resulted: Ayes, 56, nays, 52, and the house dispensed with the call and proceeded to business. Great applause on the Republican side.

Representative Kinney rose to a question of privilege and had read the charges of offers to bribe Representative John C. Otis of Hamilton county. He offered a resolution that a committee of five be appointed at once to investigate these specific charges and any other charges of bribery affecting any member of this house.

Mr. Ashford moved to amend the resolution so that said committee of five be empowered to investigate any other charges or persons in connection with the election of United States senator. The ayes and nays were called on every motion and there was an attempt at this juncture to delay the proceedings by these calls.

A motion was made on the Democratic side to suspend the rules and consider the Kinney resolution at once. This was defeated by the same vote of 52 ayes and 56 nays when there was again applause on the Republican side. The votes were on strict party lines, with the exception of Speaker Mason of Cuyahoga, Representatives Bramley of Cuyahoga, Jones of Stark, Scott of Fulton and Otis of Hamilton, who voted with the 47 Democratic members. The name of Marcus A. Hanna was

then presented by Representative Leland of Noble and seconded by T. R. Smith of Delaware.

The name of Mayor Robert E. McKisson of Cleveland was presented by Representative Bramley.

Representative Leland praised Senator Hanna in a dignified manner, but Representative Smith referred to the treachery in the party in strong terms. This brought out Representative Bramley in vigorous terms in presenting the name of McKisson. There were loud demonstrations of misses with cries of "traitor." The nomination of McKisson was seconded by Jones of Stark county, also a Republican. The Democrats took no part, except in voting and applauding. Jones praised President McKinley in his speech and denounced Senator Hanna.

Representative Droste announced that he had intended to present the name of Jephthah Garrard, but he would not now do so at the request of that gentleman. The cheering as the names of Griffith of Union, Manuel of Montgomery, Joyce of Garway, Droste, Kemper and Lane of Hamilton were cast for Hanna were tremendous. Representative Otis desired to explain his vote, but was shut off under the rules and the balloting went on with cheers in the gallery for Hanna.

When the result of the ballot was announced as Hanna, 56; McKisson, 49; Warner, 1; Wiley, 1; Lentz, 1, there was considerable stir on the Democratic side. Speaker Mason announced that Marcus A. Hanna, having received a majority of the votes of the house, was the choice of that body for the short term.

The cheering outside the halls for Hanna was echoed in the ears of the members as the results were announced. The ballot was then taken for the long term, and its announcement was greeted with another long and loud demonstration. On both ballots Representative Cramer was absent, and there were thus 165 cast, as follows:

Hanna, 56; McKisson, 49; Wiley, 1; Warner, 1; Lentz, 1; absent, 1. At 12:15 the house adjourned, and the hall was used for a jollification meeting, with the crowd singing "Praise God From Whom All Blessings Flow."

THE SENATE SESSION.

How the Voting Proceeded in the Upper Branch.

COLUMBUS, Jan. 12.—The senate chamber was crowded to its limit when at 11 o'clock the first move in the great senatorial contest was made. When the lieutenant governor rapped for order and announced that the balloting for a United States senator was now under consideration perfect quiet immediately reigned. Not a sound was heard.

It was just 11 o'clock when Senator Sullivan arose to nominate Senator Hanna. During the delivery of the address it was a somewhat remarkable scene. The senators sat perfectly quiet, facing the speaker. Crowded into the hall were several hundred people, taking up every possible foot of space, and yet not a sound could be heard save the words of the speaking senator.

As Senator Burke pronounced the name of Mr. McKisson there was a perfect silence, though some feeling could be plainly seen in the faces of the audience. Senator Wolcott of Cleveland immediately seconded the nomination of Senator Hanna. The nomination of Mayor McKisson was seconded by Senator Finck.

Lieutenant Governor Jones then announced that the ballot would be taken by the senators rising in their seats and naming their choice.

Two votes were taken, one for the short term and one for the long term. The short term was voted for first.

Senator Burke of Cleveland was the only Republican in the senate who did not vote for Hanna. Senator Voigt, the fusionist from Cincinnati, voted for Hanna, as did all the fusion representatives from Hamilton county except Otis, who did not produce the dramatic scene that had been announced and was generally expected.

The ballot in the senate for the long term stood 19 for McKisson and 17 for Hanna, the same as on the ballot for the short term. With the 17 in the senate and 56 in the house, Hanna has just the requisite 73 votes for his election with all present, but the absence of Representative Cramer, Democrat, who is dangerously sick, Hanna has one to spare.

A remarkable scene took place in the senate chamber when the vote from the house was announced. The Republican senators, inspired by the encouraging news, stood in their chairs and upon the floor and shouted themselves hoarse with calls for Hanna and victory. Nothing like it was ever seen in an Ohio senate chamber. "What's the matter with Hanna?" they shouted, and the call came back: "He's all right." It was several minutes before the hall was cleared.

FORAKER BREAKS SILENCE.

Glad, He Says, That the Senatorial Contest Is Over.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 12.—When asked his opinion on the subject of the first day's balloting in the Ohio senatorial situation Senator Foraker said:

It seems to me that Ohio has spoken for herself and that there is not much more else to say.

The contest has been extraordinary in many respects and all who have the good of the party at heart must be glad that it is ended. The feeling that has been aroused has been very bitter, but I trust that natural conditions will soon obtain and that a united party will be the result.

I know nothing of the proceedings beyond the newspaper reports, but I do not see any reason to think the result today will be different from that yesterday. I am glad that it is over so soon. A protracted deadlock, as in the Kentucky case, would have been deplorable.

The senator called on the president, and it is supposed they discussed the Ohio senatorial situation.

Wright's Celery Tea cures constipation, sick headache, 50c at druggists.

THOUSANDS STARVING.

A United States Government Visited Cuba.

FULLY 200,000 HAVE PERISHED.

The Prospects Good For the Remaining 200,000 to Die From the Same Cause. \$20,000 a Day Needed—Congress Should Take Action Immediately.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 12.—Hon. Charles K. Russell, assistant United States attorney in the department of justice, has returned from Cuba, where he had spent two weeks investigating the conditions prevailing on the island.

He spent two weeks in Cuba, visited Havana, went south to Jaruco, southeast to Guines, northeast to Matanzas, eastwardly about 200 miles through the middle of the country to San Domingo, Santa Clara and Sagua La Grande. He also visited Marianao, a short distance west of Havana, and saw along the railroad 80 or 40 towns or stations.

He says that in Havana and elsewhere he found reconcentrados begging, starving and suffering from diseases produced by lack of food. It was heart-rending. Only remnants of many families were living. At many places they were huddled together in huts, surrounded and guarded by blockhouses.

They had no work to do, no soil to till, no seed to plant, and only begging to live on.

The Spanish soldiers also were in bad shape from need of food.

Fully 200,000 persons have starved to death.

In the city of Santa Clara over 1,000 died in November and over 900 in December.

He says the remaining 200,000 people will likely starve to death. Many are now too far gone to be saved.

Mr. Russell says there is no sign of cessation of hostilities.

What is needed is \$20,000 a day to be distributed by the United States consuls.

The present private relief is hardly enough to relieve the suffering in Havana alone.

He intimates that congress should take immediate action.

METHODIST MISSION BOARD.

A Meeting Convened in New York—Interesting Statistics.

NEW YORK, Jan. 12.—The first session of the sixth conference of the foreign mission board of the United States and Canada is in session in the Methodist building. There are 33 foreign missionary societies of the evangelical churches of the United States. The work of these societies includes 1,033 principal stations, 6,247 outstations, 8,574 American laborers, 15,564 native laborers, 3,896 churches, 420,266 communicants, 34,870 additions last year, 223,563 children and young people under instruction, native contributions last year of \$348,150 and a total income last year of \$1,233,611.

These statistics are exclusive of the work done by some of the societies in Protestant Europe. There are six foreign missionary societies in Canada, whose work includes 89 principal stations, 227 outstations, 242 Canadian missionaries, 506 native laborers, 113 native churches, 9,141 communicants, 1040 additions last year, native contributions last year of \$32,339 and contributions in Canada last year of \$283,706.

EPISCOPAL TEMPERANCE SOCIETY.

Bishop Doane Presided at the Meeting in New York.

NEW YORK, Jan. 12.—The annual meeting of the Church Temperance Society of America has been in this city. This is a national organization under the auspices of the Episcopal church. Bishop Doane of Albany presided and made a short address. General Secretary Graham's annual report showed that the work during the past year had been very successful. The report of the women's auxiliary committee was read by Miss H. D. Fellows, corresponding secretary.

The following officers were elected: The Rt. Rev. W. C. Doane, chairman; Rev. C. Deloitte Brodman, D. D., vice chairman; Irving Grinnell, treasurer; Robert Graham, general secretary.

Women's auxiliary—Mrs. George S. Bodern, president; Mrs. Irving Grinnell, vice president; Mrs. Charles Townsend, treasurer; Miss H. D. Fellows, corresponding secretary; Miss H. K. Graham, recording secretary.

All the officers are of New York.

Railroad Over Dalton Trail.

TACOMA, Jan. 12.—It is definitely announced by A. C. Brattin that the Rothschilds would build a railroad into the Yukon country over the Dalton trail.

PITH OF THE NEWS.

Jules Verne is just reaching his 70th year at Amiens, where he is a municipal councillor.

Living tortoises, with their backs covered with jewels, attached by a gold chain to women's dresses, are the rage in Paris. They cost about £16 (\$50).

The gravity of the British engineers' dispute is illustrated by the fact shown in the board of trade returns, that the export of steam engines and other machinery declined \$2,914,255 in December and \$3,693,855 for the year.

The damp, muggy weather has had an alarming effect on the health of London. The mortality is 50 per cent above the normal rate, and the fatalities through throat and chest affections are enormous, footing up 702 last week.

Last year's record of Irish crime was the lowest since 1831. Abnormal crime so declined that the government abolished the four divisional commissioner-ships appointed by Lord Spencer, while the royal Irish constabulary is being reduced by 800 men, leaving the force at its normal strength of 10,000.

CIVIL SERVICE DEBATE ENDED.

Not Even a Vote on the Section Causing the Talk.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 12.—The civil service debate which was inaugurated in the house a week ago has ended. It opened with a row, but ended very tamely. There was not even a vote on the appropriation for the legislative, executive and judicial departments on bill for the civil service, upon which the bill was pending.

The 145 publicans who are a-kang to modify or repeal the law decided to let the debate come to a close, but it required the casting vote of the speaker to accomplish this. There are conflicting statements as to the situation in which the future conduct of the war against the civil service law is left. All the 145 publicans opponents of the law agree that the fight is to be kept up, and it is positively stated by Mr. Pearson, Republican of North Carolina, that assurances have been received from those in authority in the house that an opportunity will be given in the future for the consideration of a bill to modify the law. But from other sources the statement cannot be confirmed.

The debate was quite dull until the closing hour, when Mr. Simpson, the Kansas Populist, enlivened it with some reference to the Ohio senatorial election. Mr. Bailey, the Democratic leader, made a clear statement of the minority position, which indicates that the minority will vote to repeal, but not to modify the law. The principal speech of the day was made by Mr. Brodman, chairman of the civil service commission, who defended the law in a two-hour speech.

MEADE SAVED THE NATION.

Therefore Allen Thinks His Daughters Should Be Pensioned.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 12.—After the transaction of some routine business in the senate Mr. Gallinger, chairman of the committee on pensions, reported adversely from the committee a bill to grant a pension of \$100 a month each to Margaret Butler Meade and Henrietta Meade, daughters of the late Major General George G. Meade, and asked that the bill be indefinitely postponed.

Mr. Allen said he had a distinct recollection of several instances of pensions being granted to the daughters of soldiers, and expressed the opinion that this bill ought at least to go to the calendar for discussion. He thought he could not be accused of too great liberality, but in this case the soldier, General Meade, had performed remarkable service.

In his (Allen's) opinion, it was a serious question whether if General Meade had not been at the battle of Gettysburg we should have

THE NEW EVANGELIST.

Rev. William E. Geil and His Modern Methods.

CIRCUS STYLE OF ADVERTISING.

Sam Jones Style of Oratory—Both Have Proved Very Effective, and the Progressive Preacher Counts His Converts by the Hundred.

WHERE IS
HELL
LOCATED?

Park Avenue Baptist Church Tonight.

A flaming poster bearing the above inscription is apt to attract attention. Rev. William E. Geil thought it would. He also thought it would draw people to the Park Avenue Baptist church in Paterson, N. J.

And it did. Great crowds gathered in the sacred edifice, and the preacher entertained them with sermons that were quite as sensational as his posters. And they are effective. That is the strangest part of it. He claims 700 converts in Paterson in two weeks. And the estimate is no hollow mockery of rounded syllables. He has the documents to back up the statement. When he wins over an erring soul, he makes a plain, businesslike entry of the credit in his books. He has signed statements from every man, woman and child whom he has converted. He compels them to reduce their resolve to lead a better life to writing. A printed form is kept on hand to be filled out. It is printed in red ink and is as follows:

He that is not with me is against me.—Jesus Christ.
I accept Jesus Christ as my Saviour, and with his help will lead a Christian life.

Name _____
Street and No. _____
Church Preference _____
Worker's Name _____

Mr. Geil holds meetings in stores, churches, vacant lots, in the streets or any



REV. WILLIAM E. GEIL.

where else that people can be induced to gather. The outdoor meetings and business men's down town meetings and late at night meetings are made features of his work.

He organizes a street parade of men and women, especially young men and young women, and leads them, singing hymns and inviting all to follow, through the business section of the town to some vacant store or empty hall. On the way every straggler who can be picked up is enlisted. Upon arriving at the meeting place "lookouts" and "pullers in" are stationed outside. Every one who passes is stopped and induced, if possible, to enter. Mr. Geil himself grasps wayfarers by the coat collar and begins talking to them earnestly and urging them along. Sometimes he awakens the anger of surprised citizens, but they soon recover their composure and listen to him.

Mr. Geil's startling billboard advertisements are changed daily. One morning the legend runs:

Is There a Baby In Hell?
First Baptist Church Tonight.
Rev. William E. Geil

The next morning the billposters will have been around again, and the signs will announce:

Does the Devil Dance?
Tonight.
Park Avenue Baptist Church.

When the congregation gathers and the evangelist appears, there is a breathless silence. He usually breaks it with some surprising series of words or exclamations. Then he launches forth into vivid word pictures. He sways his hearers well-talks straight at them, makes them laugh heartily one moment and weep the next over some pathetic story. Most of his illustrations are drawn from life, from his own experiences, and are imbued with the forcefulness of human interest.

This man who has combined circus advertising methods with the Sam Jones style of evangelism is about 34 years of age and is a native of Doylestown, Pa. He has been engaged in his present work for about six years. Formerly he was a commercial traveler, hailing from New York.

Mr. Geil's two weeks' work in Paterson was so successful that his admirers induced him to play a return engagement of a week. This is how the posters announced it:

COMING! COMING!
Return of the
GREAT EVANGELIST.
REV. WILLIAM E. GEIL.
Remember the Dates!
Dec. 9 to 16.
FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH.

The posters are yellow.

PROUD OF HIS CRIMES.

A Boy Footpad Tells the Story of His Exploits.

F. Jacob Erb, the 16-year-old footpad who was arrested in Chicago with a man named Frank Williams for holding up a citizen, feels that he has covered himself with glory and that the youths of the future will envy him for his daring and bravery. He expects a place in police annals by the side of Jesse James and the Younger boys. This is the story he told at the police station after his arrest:

"Let 'em do w'at dey like wid me. I don't care now. You see, it's jus' like de Me stepmother didn't like me ways. She was too partie'lar. So when I got



F. JACOB ERB.

enough of her gaff I jus' picked up me duds and trotted. Dat was when I was 8 years old. I worked on de Pacific coasts mostly, was on de Empress of Japan for t'ree years as cabin boy and firin. She run from Seattle to Frisco, and den across de ocean to China. Oh, yes, indeed, I've been purty nearly round de world! What do I like to read? De life of Jesse James is boss, and so are dem Shorty stories in de Nickel Library. I've never been in no train hold ups like de Younger boys. My eve, but dat would be fun! De women would squeal, and de men would t'row up dere han's like dey was reachin fur somebun dey couldn't get.

"Where did I get on to Williams? Down in Akron, O. I was down time on de chain gang fur bein a vag, but I didn't have no time to stay in dat town. I was in a hurry to get to Frisco. So after I'd been in de gang t'ree days I slipped me hater and didn't wait fur no invitation to lunch, and dat day I come on to Williams. He said he was gun to Frisco. So I told him I'd go wid him.

"When we got to Mansfield, Williams told me he was a crook, and I said all right, I'd travel wid him. 'Cause I didn't have nothin else to do jus' den. We cracked a hardware store in Mansfield and got some guns and about \$3. Me and me pal we went to Gallion and Dayton. We got \$8 dere from some duck on de street. Den we went to Cincinnati and Louisville, and we crossed de river to Jeffersonville and held up a dude and got 15 cents from him. Dat's about de size of a dude's pile. Den we went to Nashville and stuck up a fly mug for \$32 and a pearl handle gun. De blues took dat away from us when we was hurry to get to Frisco. I slipped me hater and didn't wait fur no invitation to lunch, and dat day I come on to Williams. He said he was gun to Frisco. So I told him I'd go wid him.

"We come here las' month, and me pal had a straw in his throat and we went to Dr. Koch and got him to take de straw out, and me pal hogive him a \$2 bill, and de doc took out a roll from his inside pocket dat ud 'a' made a good sized pillar look sick. But we went to Milwaukee dat night and had to do 30 days for carryin concealed, and when we got out we come back for wat was left of dat roll. We got \$59.40. De man las' night we jus' walked right up to on de street. We didn't hide in no alley. No, sir. I don't know nuthin about no oder hold up las' night. I been in five here in Chicago."

WAR ON THE FOOTPADS.

Chicago Citizens Organize and Arm Themselves For Protection.

The worm has turned. For the past two months footpads have been making life a burden for the belated Chicago citizen, holding him up in the highways, sandbagging him in the by-ways and even robbing in broad daylight those unwary wights who chanced to venture abroad without police protection.

Burglars have visited a house in the Warren avenue police precinct so often that none of the occupants will answer the



LOUIS MILGES AND HIS GUN.

doorbell without a revolver in his hand. Another family was driven out of the district by the persistent attentions of the thieves.

Now the dander of the long suffering Chicago citizen is aroused, and he is hot on the trail of the footpad. Under the leadership of Mr. Louis Milges 200 citizens have organized for protection. They are all heavily armed and pledged to shoot every highwayman seen. Mr. Milges' vigilantes are desperate, and it will go hard with any stick up man who gets within range of their guns.

Duplicate Funerals.

Holding two funerals for one person in two places at one time is unusual, but Henry Wiltback of Brooklyn has achieved the feat, with the assistance of his wife. She died in Berlin on Sunday. He was informed by cable that she would be buried on Tuesday. Air-ships not being perfected, he could not reach Berlin in two days, but he was resourceful. He bustled about and engaged not only a minister, but an undertaker, and while the Lutheran service was being said over the dead woman thousands of miles away it was being repeated in Brooklyn.

HE DISOBEYED ORDERS.

A Brilliant French Officer's First Achievement on the Field of Battle.

Lejeune, the brilliant aid-de-camp of the Marshals Berthier, Davout and Oudinot, gives a very interesting account of his first achievement on the field of battle. The French army was crossing the Alps and found itself compelled to attack at a great disadvantage a town which the Austrians were defending.

Young Lejeune, who was anxious to participate in the engagement, was greatly disappointed when he was ordered to remain at his post in the rear. When the firing began, his heart beat furiously, and as the attack progressed he felt that he could not remain passive while his fellow soldiers were performing deeds of valor.

Believing himself unnoticed, he hurried forward, forgetting that the soldier's first duty is obedience, and just where the fray seemed to be thickest he found himself face to face with his commanding officer. The general looked at the rash young soldier coldly.

"Since you have quitted your post," he said, "you may take this order and recall that company that has gone into a bad position."

Lejeune heard the order with a strange sensation, for this was an errand from which he was not likely to return alive. There was no escape, however, and touching his cap he started on his perilous mission with a quaking heart.

For some distance he crept along behind a pile of rocks that protected him from the fire of the enemy, but at last this shelter came to an end. Before him there remained 100 steps to be taken under the fire of 200 guns pointed straight at him.

To go forward was, he believed, certain death. To go back would be eternal disgrace. The whole army seemed like an amphitheater around him. Should he prove himself a coward or a hero?

"If I die," thought he, "it will be only the just penalty of my disobedience; if I accomplish my mission, I shall have proved that I am worthy yet to fight in the emperor's army."

So thinking, he rushed across the open space amid a storm of cannon balls and musket shot. Not one of the messengers of death touched him, and as if by a miracle he arrived safe and sound in the French lines. The delivery of that order saved the battalion and decided the destiny of the young officer.

Significance of the Nose.

The nose, the form of which regulates the beauty of the other features, is by no means inaccessible to higher culture, for we have it on the authority of a German physician that it is beyond dispute that during half of an individual human life the nose is capable of receiving a more noble form. The training of the individual, the culture of his intellect and character, has a very considerable influence not only on the expression of the face in general, but also on the bodily nature of the nose. The characteristics of the various shapes of nose, according to physiognomy, are as follows: The small, flat nose found among women and called the soubrette nose, when occurring with an otherwise agreeable and fortunate build of features, indicates a certain gracious and cheerful naivete combined with an inconsiderate curiosity. Such a nose seldom is possessed by men, and when it is, it denotes an individuality characterized by weakness and deficient sagacity. A nose thick and flat is an unfavorable feature with men as well as with women, usually signifying that the character is predominated by material and sensual instincts, while a turned up nose, with wide nostrils, bespeaks a vain, puffed up disposition. Especially wide nostrils are signs of strength, courage and pride; small nostrils, of weakness and timidity. Noses large in every respect are found mostly among men and are masculine attributes.—New York Ledger.

Cork Legs Were Scarce.

One day in 1880 Senator Hampton was going on his crutches from the senate chamber to the house of representatives. In the middle of the big rotunda he met a very large man, also on crutches. He was a member of congress from Illinois, a Republican, whose name I cannot now recall. Hampton stopped him and kindly asked his name and how he had received his injury. After giving his name the congressman said amputation was necessary by reason of a shot he had received in a fight with Hampton's cavalry. He did not dream he was talking to Wade Hampton himself. "I am Wade Hampton," said the senator. "If you have the leisure, please sit down and let us talk." Hampton had lost his leg after the war, when thrown from a mule while deer hunting. The amputation was identical with that of the congressman, and they fell a-talking. Up to that time neither had found a cork leg he could wear, and they discussed cork legs for a great while. They parted, after mutual professions of esteem. The next morning I heard the congressman tell the story in the committee room, and there never was a man who had a higher regard for Wade Hampton than he had. I believe Hampton later found a leg he could wear.—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Beat Him Down.

Two Irishmen were cleaning a window in a tall building. To facilitate their work they had stuck a board out of the window, and Pat stood on the end of it which was outside and Mike on the end inside to balance. Suddenly Pat shouted:

"Moike, I've dropped me sponge."

"That's all right. I'll go down and git it."

When he got to the street, he found Pat in a heap on the sidewalk and exclaimed:

"Well, well, how did yez git down here so quick, Pat? I ran all the way down, but bedad yez hov beaten me."

Modest, but Self Reliant.

General Grant neither overestimated nor distrusted himself. He was modest and inclined to claim less than his due, but he was also self reliant and persistent. An anecdote related by Mrs. Sherwood in her "Epistle to Posterity" sets forth his disposition to accord to others their due and to claim little for himself save the virtue of "getting there."

Mrs. Sherwood told him on one occasion that an English officer who had been present at the dinner given him by the Duke of Wellington in the Waterloo chamber had told her in London that he thought him a very learned soldier.

"Well, I am not," said Grant. "I had neither the genius of Sherman nor the learning of Lee or McPherson. I only meant to get there."

In 1865, just after the close of the war, General Grant visited West Point, his old alma mater, accompanied by Mrs. Grant.

"We were in the library," writes Mrs. Sherwood. "The examination was going on, and Professor Bartlett left the room, coming back with Grant on his arm. The professors rose to receive him. I think poor General Grant nearly sank through the floor. He winced as he never had done in the face of the enemy."

"Those dreaded professors rising to do me honor! Why, I felt all the cadet terror all over me," he afterward said.

"He was more comfortable when he got outside and began shaking hands with all mankind and womankind, but no one who saw that notable scene can forget his modesty."

How They Wash.

The hardest worked washerwomen in the world are the Koreans. They have to wash about a dozen dresses for their husbands, and inasmuch as every man wears pantaloons or drawers so buggy that they come up to his neck like those of a clown they have plenty to do. The washing is usually done in cold water and often in running streams. The clothes are pounded with paddles until they shine like a shirt front fresh from a Chinese laundry.

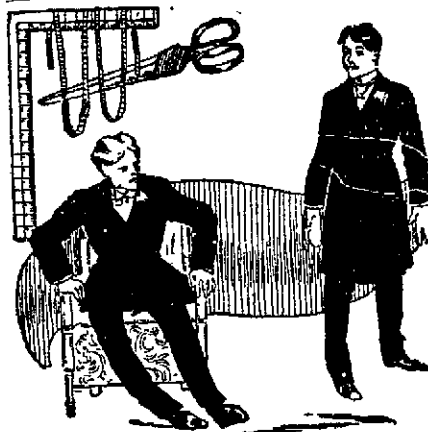
The Japanese rip their garments apart for every washing, and they iron their clothes by spreading them on a flat board and leaning this up against the house to dry. The sun takes the wrinkles out of the clothes, and some of them have quite a luster. The Japanese woman does her washing out of doors. Her washtub is not more than six inches high and is about as big around as the average dishpan. She gets the dirt out of the clothes by rubbing them between her hands. She sometimes uses Japanese soap, which is full of grease, and works away with her bare feet. The Chinese girls do their washing in much the same way.

The washing in Egypt is usually done by the men. The Egyptian washerman stands naked on the banks of the Nile and slaps the wet clothes, with a noise like the shot of a pistol, on the smooth stones at the edge of the running water, and such tellah women as wash pound the dirt out of their clothes in the same way.

Frenchwomen pound the dirt out with paddles, often slamming the clothes upon stones, as the Egyptians do.—Exchange.



"For three years I had been suffering from dyspepsia and stomach trouble, and had tried everything from patent medicines down to the 'hot water' remedy. Last spring I noticed Ripans Tabules advertised in the village paper, and bought a package of Dr. Durant. I had not used more than a dozen before I felt better. I keep them in the house all the time and give them to my friends, but I rarely have occasion now to take one myself."



IF YOU WANT...

a Suit, Overcoat or Trousers made to order, now is your time, as we will make them for about cost, as we want to cut our stock down for spring goods.

Call and see our \$15, \$16, \$20 and \$25 Suit & \$3, \$3.50 and \$6 Trousers
W. F. BREED, TAILOR,
No. 13½ E. Main St.

ATTENTION!

I SELL EVERYTHING IN THE FURNITURE LINE.

Stoves, Chairs, Tables, Beds, Second Hand Goods

of all kinds at low prices.

.... C. L. BORWAY,

42 West Main Street, - - - Massillon.

BAHNEY'S

World Almanac - 1898

Tribune

Hicks

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News

Clipper

Diaries for 1898

BAHNEY'S

BOOKSTORE.

ALMANACS

A BIG MASS MEETING.

Stark County Republicans Show Their Enthusiasm.

SENTIMENTS TO BE RESPECTED.

Ringling Speeches by Representative Men Call Forth Storms of Applause—Important Resolutions Adopted and Sent to Jones, Bushnell and Senator Hanna.

Republicans from all parts of the county attended the mass meeting held Saturday night in the Grand opera house at Canton. The sentiment of the county on the senatorial contest was expressed in resolutions adopted, and on Sunday morning a committee appointed for that purpose, and composed of F. E. Case, John Crouse, Edward Jones, John Lehman, M. A. Bartlett, John Floom, Thos. Brown, Captain Little and J. C. Richter presented a copy of the resolutions to Representative Jones at his home near North Lawrence. The committee arrived in Massillon at 10:06, and were then driven to the latter place.

Copies of the resolutions were also sent to Governor Bushnell and Senator Hanna. The meeting was a most enthusiastic one and was opened by County Chairman Carnes, and his expressions brought forth storms of applause. Speeches were numerous, and the address of Mr. Carnes was followed by others by John Crouse, chairman of the meeting, J. J. Grant, Judge Fawcett, C. C. Bow and Thomas Turner. Massillon was well represented at the meeting, the delegation being made up of the most prominent Republicans in the city.

THE RESOLUTIONS.

We, the Republican electors of the city of Canton and Stark county, in mass convention assembled this 8th day of January, 1898, for the purpose of expressing our earnest and emphatic disapproval and protest against the manner in which our chosen representative, the Hon. John P. Jones, has during the last week misrepresented the people of Stark county to whom he is indebted for the honor of his election, we hereby declare:

That the votes of the representatives and of the senator from this county and district are absolutely pledged to the Hon. M. A. Hanna by the action of the Republican county convention held in the city of Canton on January 13, 1897, and that the representatives and senator who subsequently asked for and received the nomination and election to those offices are bound in sacred honor to respect and obey the pledges of the party at that time given.

We further declare that the two votes in the House of Representatives and the one vote in the Senate from this county and district do not belong to the representatives and the senator whom we have chosen to represent us, but that said votes belong to the Republican electors of this county and district; and that the representatives and senator are merely the agents whom we have honored by intrusting to them the duty of recording the votes of Stark county for the Hon. M. A. Hanna for United States senator, and that for either of our said representatives or senator to cast either or any of our said votes contrary to our express desire, instruction and direction, or for any person other than the Hon. M. A. Hanna will be regarded by us and by the honorable people of this county irrespective of party, class or faction as a most shameful betrayal of a sacred trust.

We further declare that in addition to the pledges of the Republican party of Stark county, as expressed in the resolutions which were adopted without a dissenting vote, at the most largely attended convention of our party ever known in this county; that our senator, the Hon. S. J. Williams, and our representatives, the Hon. John P. Jones and Hon. J. B. Snyder, were each present at and participated actively in the proceedings of said convention and acquiesced in and voted for the adoption of said resolutions, wherein the Hon. M. A. Hanna was endorsed for United States Senator for both the long and the short terms; that our representative, the Hon. John P. Jones was a member of the committee and prepared and reported said resolutions to said convention and that he signed his name thereto as a member of said committee, and thereby in the most unmistakable manner expressed his full approval thereof, and that since said time and until the election of our said senator and representatives they and each of them, the said Silas J. Williams, J. B. Snyder, and J. P. Jones, have repeatedly both in public and in private, pledged themselves that the wishes and pledges of their party would be by them and each of them faithfully observed and fulfilled.

We do further declare that the conduct of our said representative, the Hon. John P. Jones, during the last week in conspiring with the enemies of our party in the organization of the legislature meets with our emphatic and indignant disapproval.

That his refusal to promptly take his place as a loyal representative of the people of this county among those who are doing such heroic battle for the life of our party and to lend the strength of his voice and influence in vigorous opposition to the treason that has been hatched by the handful of traitors within the ranks of our party, is wholly inconsistent with his sworn duty as the representative of the people of this county, is a violation of the sacred pledges which he has given and is a shameful betrayal of the rights and interests of the people who honored him with their support.

We further declare that for him, the said representative, the Hon. John P. Jones, to lend further encouragement to the treasonable and infamous conspiracy which is threatening the very life of our

party and the principle of popular government by refusing to declare himself in favor of the fulfillment of his own and his party's pledges and for the election of the Hon. M. A. Hanna for United States senator, will be regarded by us as a most infamous betrayal of trust. We heartily endorse the action of the Hon. Silas J. Williams and the Hon. J. B. Snyder in faithfully carrying out their instructions and fulfilling their pledges to the people; and we demand that our said representative shall cast his vote for the Hon. M. A. Hanna for United States senator and thereby fulfill the oft repeated pledges, the obligations of honor, and the determined will of his constituents.

Respectfully submitted,

THOMAS F. TURNER,
HENRY W. HARTER,
F. E. CASE,
E. A. MALLORY,
J. W. AUGUST,
J. C. ADAMS,
SAM M. ANDERSON,
F. A. HOLLES,
J. P. FAWCETT.

THE COUNTY INFIRMARY.

A Statement of the Number of Members and Expenses for December.

The following statement of the number of inmates of the Stark county infirmary and the expenses of that institution, for the month of December, is furnished The INDEPENDENT by Superintendent John C. Gerwig:

Number of inmates present November 30, 1897	245
Number of inmates admitted during December	25
Number of inmates discharged during December	270
Number of inmates died during December	1
Number of inmates remaining December 31	258

EXPENDITURES.

Incidentals	\$ 101.52
Groceries and provisions	28.25
Coal	214.80
Rep. res.	105.17
Coal and oil	11.81
Pay of employees	211.0
Dry goods and provisions	308.45
Drugs	98.83
Superintendent's and matron's salary	70.00
Physician's salary	62.50
Tobacco	16.20
Soap	58.58
Feed	24.50
Washing	14.20
Cleaning vaults	4.00
Making sewer	75.00
	\$1,967.61

FOR OUTDOOR RELIEF.

Medical attendance to paupers	\$ 51.00
Outdoor relief by infirmary directors	16.00
Burial of paupers	80.00
Taking paupers to infirmary	17.00
Attorney's fees	65.00
	\$229.00

RAINEY'S FIGHT ON FRICK.

He Buys 40 Acres of Coal Land to Increase His Coke Production.

CLEVELAND, Jan. 10.—W. J. Rainey of this city recently purchased about 40 acres of coal land in the Connelville (Pa.) coke region, the purchase price being \$60,000. It is said to be the purpose of Mr. Rainey to extend his coke plant in that section to meet the competition of the H. C. Frick company, which has been moving in the direction of a monopoly of the coke making business.

That the venture means active rivalry between these two big interests is inferred from a recent remark of Mr. Rainey to the effect that Mr. Frick had not money enough to buy him out.

BAD MAN FROM TEXAS.

Murdered Four Mexicans and Defied Officers an Hour—Finally Killed.

EL PASO, Tex., Jan. 10.—Seth Burrows, a cowboy of this county, got into a fight across the river, in Juarez, Mex., and in a pitched battle stood off the Juarez police for one hour. Burrows was killed himself, but before being killed he killed a gambler, a policeman and fatally wounded two other officers.

Shirt Manufacturers Increase Wages.

TRENTON, Jan. 10.—V. Henry Rothchild & Co. have announced an increase of 8 1/2 per cent in wages at their Trenton shirt manufacturing, to go into effect on Wednesday. They are also advertising for more help.

It Was Play For Him.

The train ran off the track and plunged down a steep embankment.

Engine, baggage car, coaches and sleepers were jumbled in one awful mass.

The groans of the injured passengers rent the air.

It was frightful.

Jones, the world renowned half back, partially awoke.

Three passenger cars were piled on top of him.

A piece of pipe was coiled around his neck.

The rim of one of the great driving wheels of the engine rested on his face.

His legs were pinned down by a heavy beam.

A pillow had been forced against his mouth and nose, making it impossible for him to breathe.

His arms were pressed against his sides, and he tried in vain to move.

But willing hands were at work upon the wreck, and at last Jones, the world renowned half back, was dragged out.

Looking around, in a dazed sort of way, at his rescuers, he asked:

"How many yards did we gain on that 'down, boys'?"—Cleveland Leader.

Troubled.

"Oh, dear!" sighed the girl who is trying to be literary. "I wish I were more profound."

"Yes!" said the other girl.

"Here is a line in Browning, and I don't know whether it is a typographical error or something deeply occult."—Washington Star.

A tonic pill is made from the dried blood of the ox. The blood of the ox contains, it is said, a larger proportion of iron than the blood of any other animal.

AN EPISODE.

She pours the tea, and as her hand above the dainty china lingers I raise my own right hand aloft And seize upon the jeweled fingers.

"You'll break the teacup, Jack!" she cries. And on the floor I hear it clatter.

"Oh, what care I for cups," I say. "While you have got a heart to shatter!"

"Don't break it, that's a dear," she says; "The cup, I mean!" And then, with laughter,

I tell her it is not her cup. But heart, her humble servant's after.

"You've broken that long since," she sighs. "I never can forgive you, never!"

And—well, she did, and now she's come To make and pour my tea forever!

—E. C. R. in What to Eat.

LONDON SLUMS.

The Rent Collector and the Difficulties He Encounters There.

Slum property apparently has its drawbacks, though it is generally regarded as the most profitable, for most of the owners do not as a rule allow such trifles as repairs to reduce the amount of the rents.

"This work is breaking up my nervous system," said a man who has been collecting rents for years in some of the worst slums. "I am really beginning to feel that I shall meet my death at it."

"Much ill feeling of which I am the victim is engendered between landlord and tenant over the question of repairs. It does not pay to be always repairing such broken down property, though of course repairs are always being asked for, and some people have a decidedly unpleasant manner of trying to impress on me the necessity for such."

"They are continually alluring me into all sorts of undesirable traps. I nearly broke my neck once by walking up a dark staircase in which a few boards were broken and loose, and the woman who had asked me to walk up calmly told me to get my master to have it mended. If there is a dark, rickety staircase without a banister, I am sure to be asked to walk up it, and on one occasion I was nearly frightened out of my wits by my head coming in contact with some hanging paper and plaster which had fallen from a passage ceiling and was suspended by a very meager support."

"In addition to all this the tenants, when they hear I am about, put pails of water and broom handles in the dark passages I may traverse, besides making other preparations for bestowing similar delicate attentions on me."

"Only recently a woman asked me to come and look at the awful state of repair of one of her rooms. She took me to a large cupboard and opened it and the corpse of a man tumbled into the room. It was only her poor, dear husband, she said, whom she had stowed there for convenience till the coffin arrived. Of course she had put him there only to give me a pleasant little surprise, and she was so successful that a doctor advised me to lay up for a week."

"Sometimes a brick or two will be aimed at my head without my being able to discover whence it came, and I have just had an interview with a man who showed me a broken window through which he had shoved his wife's head backward and forward by way of chastisement, and he expressed what exquisite delight he would take in doing the same to me if the window was not soon mended."

"All this is quite apart from the trouble I have in obtaining money."—Pearson's Weekly.

Ian Maclaren on Scott.

"Scott was all gold, and even the nuggets are not enough; the gravel ought to be sifted and the gold dust gathered in, for Scott had such an affluence of knowledge, legend and poetry that he did not write by measure, but put his hand into his pocket and threw out money that any might pick it up. What one is afraid of is that Scott is being raised to the elevation of a classic, and that is the same thing as taking a man out of the house of commons, where he is an active figure, and placing him in the stately seclusion of the house of lords. I do not know a single page of Scott that is not readable, and I do not know a single page that would shake a man's faith or bring a blush to a woman's cheek. Why do not people read Scott as they ought to? Some say that he is not interesting, and others object to his style. Why, Carlyle himself brought the charge against Scott that he was amusing. Amusing! One of the grandest functions of fiction is to be amusing in the right sense—that of lifting up the weight and care of daily life from men's minds by leading them into regions of sentiment and romance."

The Nearest Approach.

An English tourist visited Arran, and being a keen disciple of Isaac Walton, was arranging to have a day's good sport.

Being told that the cleg, or horsefly, would suit his purpose admirably for a lure, he addressed himself to Christy, the highland servant girl, "I say, my girl, can you get me some horseflies?"

Christy looked stupid, and he repeated his question. Finding that she did not yet comprehend him, he exclaimed:

"Why, girl, did you never see a horsefly?"

"Naa, sir," said the girl, "but a wanse saw a coo jump over a presh-pice."—Rambler.

Extortion.

"I can tell when my wife buys something she considers extravagant."

"How can you tell?"

"She always explains that she bought it with a \$5 bill she happened to have tucked away."—Chicago Record.

The citizen who is determined to take care of himself alone is of very little use to a community, and few tears are shed when he takes his final departure.—Birmingham Age-Herald.

The cost of a patent in Germany is \$100, which includes the taxes for six years.

A QUEEN LITTLE ANIMAL.

The Australian Duckbill Carries a Sting In One Leg.

Australia certainly holds the palm for queer and uncouth animals, says The Literary Digest. Chief among these is the duckbill or ornithorhynchus, which Sydney Smith described as "a kind of mole with webbed feet and the bill of a duck, which agitated Sir Joseph Banks and rendered him miserable from his utter inability to decide whether it was a bird or a beast."

It was only recently that it was proved beyond a doubt that this curious animal lays eggs like a bird, though this had long been reported by travelers. Now comes the news that it has a sting on its hind leg, capable of killing by its poisonous effects. We quote from The Lancet:

"For a long time it was considered to be quite harmless and destitute of any weapon of offense, although the hind legs of the males were armed with a powerful spur, apparently connected with a gland. Then the opinion was advanced that this might be a weapon allied to the poisonous armory of snakes, scorpions and bees, all of which possess a sort of hypodermic poison syringe. Though one set of observers asserted that this was the case, another set denied it, and so Dr. Stuart determined to solve this question, if possible. He received two independent accounts which coincided perfectly, and from them he concludes that, at certain seasons at all events, the secretion is virulently poisonous. The mode of attack is not by scratching, but by lateral inward movements of the hind legs. Two cases are reported in dogs. One dog was 'stung' three times, the symptoms much resembling those of bee or hornet poison. The dog was evidently in great pain and drowsy, but there were no tremors, convulsions or staggering. It is worthy of note that a certain immunity seems obtainable, for the dog suffered less on the second occasion and still less on the third. Two cases of men being wounded are reported, in both of which the animals were irritated, one by being shot and handled, the other by being handled only. The symptoms were the same as in the dog. No deaths are reported in human beings, but four in dogs."

—The American Medical Association.

How often women wake up in the morning cheerful and happy, determined to do so much before the day ends, and yet—

Before the morning is very old, the dreadful BACKACHE appears, the brave spirit sinks back in affright; no matter how hard she struggles, the "clutch" is upon her, she falls upon the couch, crying:—"Why should I suffer so? What can I do?"

Lydia E. Pinkham's "Vegetable Compound" will stop the torture and restore courage. All such pains come from a deranged uterus. Trouble in the womb blots out the light of the sun at midday to a vast number of women. You should procure Mrs. Pinkham's Compound at once and obtain relief.

Mrs. P. M. Knapp, 563 Westworth Ave., Milwaukee, Wis., says: "I suffered with congestion of the ovaries and inflammation of the womb. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound cured me as it will others."

Ask your Druggist for a generous 10 CENT TRIAL SIZE.

ELLY'S Cream Balm

contains no cocaine, mercurial or any other injurious drug. It is quickly absorbed, gives relief at once. It opens and cleanses the nasal passages. Allays inflammation. Relieves the membrane. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. Full size 50c; Trial size 10c at Druggists or by mail.

ELLY BROTHERS, 56 Warren Street, N. Y.

COLD IN HEAD

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

SICK HEADACHE

Positively cured by these Little Pills.

They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They Regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

Substitution

the fraud of the day.

See you get Carter's,

Ask for Carter's,

Insist and demand

Carter's Little Liver Pills.

DOCTORS PUZZLED.

A Strange, Nervous Affection Which Baffled the Skill of Physicians, Finally Cured by

Dr. WHEELER'S NERVE VITALIZER.

CANAL FULTON, Ohio. (Special.) The following singular experience as related by John R. Koman, of this city, may be of interest to your readers.

"My trouble was a peculiar nervous one, which commenced in my hands and feet and extended to my body. The sensation was similar to that felt when two rough metals are rubbed together so as to set the listeners' teeth on edge."

Every nerve in my body was drawn to the highest tension. I was unable to sleep day or night, could not bear to have the bed clothes even touch me. It is simply impossible to describe the torture I endured. The doctors were unable to help me, neither were the various patent medicines I used of any avail. I thought I would surely go insane. The trouble was gradually creeping to my vitals, which of course meant death.

Completely discouraged I called on Mr. Bevard, the druggist. He said he believed Dr. Wheeler's Nerve Vitalizer would help me. As a drowning man grasps straws, I tried it. Right here words fail me to describe the relief even the first few doses gave. No one can understand my joy who has not had a similar experience. Two bottles cured me. I consider it a most remarkable remedy. It certainly saved my life."

Dr. Wheeler's Nerve Vitalizer is a specific for sick nerves.

For sale by Z. T. Baltzly and all druggists.

We Do Printing.

We print everything from books to hand bills. We have the building, the printing machines and the men. Good work at fair prices and full count every time. The Independent Company, North Erie street.

EUCRASIE...

is "such a due and well proportioned mixture of qualities as constitutes health or soundness." Consumption is not a more insidious disease than Alcoholism. Eucrasie enables the sufferer to exchange a depressed state for happy, vigorous manhood. Eucrasie is endorsed and prescribed by leading physicians. It is a permanent cure for Liquor Habit, Morphine Habit, Cocaine Habit, Opium Habit. Not necessary to lose time from business. No publicity. Correspondence strictly confidential.

THE AMERICAN EUCRASIE CO., General Offices, Rooms 101, 103, 105, No. 143 Euclid Ave., Cleveland, Ohio.

N. B.—Eucrasie contains no gold or any other ingredient injurious to health.

WANTED. Representative men in every town to form Eucrasie Clubs. Write for particulars.

ST. CHARLES HOTEL

WOOD STREET AND THIRD AVENUE, PITTSBURGH, PA.

Has been improved throughout with a view of entering to the comfort of its guests. Everything homelike. New Furniture, New Carpets, New Decorations, New Management.

Local on First in the City. Convenient to all Railroad Stations. Table Strictly First-class. Rates \$2.00 and \$2.50 per day.

ST. CHARLES HOTEL CO. Wm. Roseburg Pres., O. B. Palmer, Manager.

While You Are Paying Rent

you are enriching your landlord and impoverishing your children. What do you get for your money when you pay rent anyhow? We can fix it for you so that an amount smaller than your rental can be applied to the purchase of a house so that in a few years it will be your private property.

James R. Dunn

Over 50 South Erie St.

KLONDYKE

The Alaska Transportation and Development Company.

In offering you an opportunity to become interested in the wonderful

COLD FIELDS,

Without the hardship that the actual miner will have.

The Rush Next Spring Will Be Tremendous.

Our Company is interested in transportation, in furnishing food and merchandise supplies, in actual mining.

In all of these ventures money will be made by investing in the stock of the

Alaska Transportation and Development Company.

You are sure of a legitimate profit from the transportation department.

You are sure of a legitimate profit from our merchandising stores and warehouses.

And you have a chance that always awaits a powerful and healthy company in mining with improved methods that are beyond the individuals.

Here we say confidently

You cannot afford to let this opportunity go by.

Do not invest more than you can afford, but invest what you can and you will feel that you have acted prudently and wisely by availing yourself of the chance that has come unexpectedly and after a long period of depression.

Either enrich yourself and family, or, if your means are restricted, at least realize enough to invest in a sufficient quantity of shares in the good old golden days of '49 you would have been compelled to drop your present occupation and incur the risk of life and limb to get a chance of wealth which is now offered you from the investment of a small part of your savings in the gilt edged stock of this Company.

The incorporators, principal stockholders and directors have been selected from all walks of life and their reputation for integrity and solidity is world wide. A few of the names we give below are sufficient guarantee of the standing of the Company, to-wit:

Albert C. Blatz, Pres. Val. Blatz, Brewster Co., Milwaukee, Wis.; Hon. Wm. E. Hanson, U. S. Senator from Minn.; D. G. Edwards, Post Office Bldg., Wash. D. C.; J. C. Williams, Traffic Mgr., C. & N. D. R. R., Cincinnati; Frank A. Reicht, of Chas. Kaestner & Co., Chicago; Chas. H. Rockwell, T. Mgr., C. & N. D. R. R., Chicago; W. C. Utterdoun, G. P. & A. C. O. & T. P. B. R., Cincinnati; B. W. Griffith, Pres. First National Bank, Vicksburg, Miss.; Fred A. Otto, past 18 years with Shelby Bank, Shelby, Tenn.; J. M. Phillips, Cashier First Nat'l Bank, Vicksburg, Miss.

And hundreds of others equally strong.

Shares are offered at \$1.00 each.

Par value, non-assessable, and will be called for a limited time only.

Remember we will control and own our own steam boats, steamers and barges on the Yukon.

This investment is safe and far better paying than savings banks or any other investment offered to the public today.

Send application for stock, accompanying the same with the amount of money you desire to invest, and stock will be sent you by return mail.

Address all communications, and make all money payable to

The Alaska Transportation and Development Company.

Phone Building, Cor. Van Buren & Dearborn Sts. CHICAGO, ILL.

Send stamp for Alaska News which gives complete and full information of Alaska.

BAR-BEN

IT STRENGTHENS THE NERVES!

BAR-BEN is strictly a Brain, Blood and Nerve Food. It creates soft, fleshy, muscle and strength, clears the brain, makes the blood pure and rich and causes a general feeling of health, strength and renewed vitality. The generative organs are helped to regain their normal powers and the sufferer is immediately made conscious of a new life.

BAR-BEN is the result of 20 or 30 years' experience in the treatment of the nervous disorders of man and woman. It is purely an animal and vegetable extract, contains no poisonous substances, and is prepared in sugar coated tablets, easy to take. **BAR-BEN** is for sale at all drug stores, a 60-dose box for 50 cents, enough for one or two months' treatment. It cures of premature loss of vitality. **BAR-BEN** is a job lot, absolute and permanent specific, producing results with a parallel in the history of medicine. In complicated cases our remedy may be taken in conjunction with other remedies, or we will pay railway fares and hotel bills for any case we undertake and who prefers to come to us for treatment, if we fail to cure. The answer all letters in plain envelope and all correspondence strictly confidential. A certain result would be to buy a box of your druggist, or send us \$1.00 for a 60-dose box with special instructions to suit your case.

Dr. Barton and Benson, Suite 113, 38 Public Sq., Cleveland, O.

Insist on getting the genuine

BAR-BEN

It strengthens the nerves. A 60 dose box

THE INDEPENDENT.

THE INDEPENDENT COMPANY,

INDEPENDENT BUILDING,
30 N. Erie Street, -- MASSILLON, O.

WEEKLY FOUNDED IN 1863.
DAILY FOUNDED IN 1867.
SEMI-WEEKLY FOUNDED IN 1896.

LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE NO. 60.
FARMERS' TELEPHONE NO. 60.

THE EVENING INDEPENDENT is on
sale at Bahney's Book Store, Bam-
merlin's Cigar Stand (Hotel Conrad),
and Bert Hankin's News stand in
North Mill street.

THURSDAY, JANUARY 13, 1898.

Senator Hanna's strength was tested in both Houses on Tuesday, and the alliance between the Republican traitors and free silver Democrats was found powerless to accomplish its purpose. The victory is the vindication of the principle that the majority must rule.

The coming year promises to be one of the busiest for the manufacturing industries in the history of the country. An indication of the freight traffic anticipated is shown by the fact that the Baltimore & Ohio, and Baltimore & Ohio Southwestern and branch lines have alone placed an order for 4,000 cars.

The theory and practice of our government is based upon the will of the people as expressed by the elections, and their officials, whether on the floor of the House or the Senate are simply their agents, and in honor bound to carry out their wishes. To do the contrary is but a personal presumption of sovereign power.

The mass meeting held at Columbus to protest against treachery will be remembered as one of the most remarkable gatherings in the history of Ohio. Eight thousand men shouted in the affirmative when the resolutions were put, and these represented as many loyal party voters who are waiting to see the vindication of Ohio Republicanism.

"It seems to me that Ohio has spoken for herself, and that there is not much more else to say," said Senator Foraker when asked for his opinion on the subject of the first day's balloting. "The contest has been extraordinary in many respects, and all who have the good of the party at heart must be glad that it is ended. The feeling that has been aroused has been very bitter, but I trust that natural conditions will soon obtain and that a united party will be the result."

The sensational story put in circulation by the Kurtz conspirators concerning the alleged attempt to bribe Representative Otis, of Hamilton county, to vote for Senator Hanna, is considered ridiculous on the face of it. Otis is not a Republican and as he was never expected to vote for Senator Hanna, no attempt was ever made to get his vote. Senator Hanna has repeatedly said that he would sooner be defeated than feel that his election had been brought about by unfair or dishonest methods.

MINING FOR HEAT.

A man in Pennsylvania is trying to make the deepest hole in the world. He has now bored to a depth of 6,000 feet, and the machine continues to delve deeper every day. Before fall the bottom of the drill will have reached a depth of over 10,000 feet, or nearly two miles. The work is under the supervision of Prof. William Hallock, of Columbia college, and it is being done for a curious purpose. Prof. Hallock is mining for heat. As everyone knows, the interior of the earth is a burning, fiery furnace, and it is Prof. Hallock's theory that if he can make a hole deep enough he can obtain a constant flow of steam, which can be utilized for operating machinery. The next deepest hole to Prof. Hallock's is a salt well near Leipzig, in Germany. It will be interesting to watch this experiment, for if successful the time may come when manufacturers will get all their power from the unextinguishable fires at the center of the earth.

LINCOLN'S PHILOSOPHY.

Let none falter who thinks he is right. Gold is good in its place, but living, patriotic men are better than gold. Let us have faith that right makes might; and in that faith let us, to the end, dare to do our duty as we understand it. No men living are more worthy to be trusted than those who toil up from poverty. Do not worry; eat three square meals a day; say your prayers; be courteous to your creditors; keep your digestion good; steer clear of billiousness; exercise; go slow and go easy. May be there are other things that your special case requires to make you happy, but, my friend, these, I reckon, will give you a good lift. With malice towards none, with charity for all, with firmness in the right, as God gives us to see the right, let us strive on to finish the work we are in; to care for him who shall have borne the battle, and for his widow and orphans; to bind up the nation's wounds; to do all which may achieve and cherish a just and lasting peace among ourselves and with all nations.

HELP THE CUBANS.

Last Sunday was noticeable for a renewal of Secretary Sherman's appeal to the American public for aid to the star-

ving Cubans, and for the stalwart support given to this charitable and patriotic undertaking by the Governor of Pennsylvania the Hon. Daniel H. Hastings. Gov. Hastings besought the citizens of Pennsylvania, particularly, to aid the victims of Spanish inhumanity, designating the Mayors of Pennsylvania's chief cities as agents for sending contributions to Havana.

Secretary Sherman's appeal should be answered in every state of the Union. During the happy life of the United States no struggle for what our revolution gained for us has been more worthy of the countenance and support of the American republic than that now being waged by the Cuban revolutionists. They are fighting against a despotism whose warfare is the savagery and torture of the middle ages, with a heroism which has not been surpassed in any similar endeavor by any people. Help them! Send your contributions to the Cuban Relief Committee, 241 Fifth avenue.—New York Sun.

THE CASE OF JONES.

Just now one of the chief factors in the great Ohio battle is the Hon. John P. Jones, legislator from Stark county—the man, who holds himself bound by no resolutions or promises to vote for Senator Hanna, and who to use his own language, is telling no one what he intends to do. Mr. Jones' prediction that the present trouble is likely to result in the future election of United States senators by the popular vote of the people is perfectly natural under the circumstances, for as this is the first time the people of Ohio have elected representatives, who go back on the most solemn pledges made to their constituents and who prove themselves utterly incapable of realizing the extent of their treachery, it is not unnatural to suppose that steps may be taken to prevent a re-occurrence of the difficulty. Mr. Jones says he will not be "coerced" into voting for Mr. Hanna. He was not coerced into accepting the Republican nomination for representative when it was thoroughly understood that Mr. Hanna was to be the Republican nominee for senator, but having accepted it—he is now bound to carry out the will of the people as expressed by the result of the election.

Mr. Jones' first experience in the legislature has been one of immense importance and satisfaction to himself, but there have been cases in the history of individuals as well as of nations where periods of great glory have been followed by long years of utter insignificance.

NOT A QUITTER.

As coming from a Democratic newspaper like the New York Sun, the following has unusual significance:

"It is superfluous to advise Brother Hanna to stick. He is not a quitter."

"The Ohioans who need a stiffening of the backbone and general admonition to be straight and straight forward on the present occasion are the wobbling, wavering, easily beguiled souls in the legislature that see no disloyalty in deserting the party standard and following the selfish factions now seeking to destroy Hanna as a Republican leader in that state."

"The Republican convention of last June nominated Hanna for senator and Bushnell for governor. The party elected Bushnell in November. The party is equally bound to elect Hanna in January."

"Stick! That is to say, be honorable Republicans, faithful to the deliberately assumed obligations of the Republican party of Ohio."

"The leader who gives to Republican legislators at Columbus advice different from this is a traitor."

"Stick to the pledge of June!"

TELEPHONE TAX.

Each Instrument to be Rated at Fifteen Dollars Per Year.

State Auditor Guilbert and Attorney General Monnett have been giving the matter of taxing the Bell Telephone Company consideration for some time. Their object is to arrive at a uniform method throughout the state, and with this object in view they called in conference a number of the auditors of the state a few days ago, and the matter was given thorough discussion. As a result of this conference notices have been sent to the various auditors to increase the valuation placed on the tax duplicate for each instrument. Auditor Reed, of this county, has been instructed to rate each instrument at fifteen dollars per year and go back five years as a starting point. The present rate is ten dollars per year.

Massillon & Cleveland Railroad Company.

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY AND TREASURER.

MASSILLON, O., Jan. 1, 1898.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of this company for the election of directors, and the transaction of any other business that may come before the meeting, will be held at the general office of the company, in the Massillon Savings & Banking Company, in the city of Massillon, O., on Tuesday, the first day of February, 1898, at 12 o'clock, noon.

JOHN J. HALEY, Secretary.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure constipation.

What Everybody Knows. Or ought to know, is that health and even life itself depends upon the condition of the blood. Feeding, as it does, all the organs of the body; it must be rich and pure in order to give proper nourishment. Hood's Sarsaparilla makes the blood pure, rich and nourishing, and in this way strengthens the nerves, creates an appetite, tones the stomach, builds up health. Hood's Sarsaparilla wards off colds, pneumonia and fevers, which are prevalent at this time.

For Over Fifty Years

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for children teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. 25c a bottle.

CANTON AND COUNTY.

Important News of the Day
From the County Seat.

MR. DEWESEE SUED FOR DAMAGES.

Jacob Vail Demands \$2,000, for Injuries Sustained by his Son—Run Down by a Wheelman—The Grand Jury in Session—Probate Court Notes.

CANTON, Jan. 11.—Levi L. Dewese, of Canton, is defendant in a damage suit, which was begun by Jacob Vail in court, Monday afternoon. On the 11th day of May, it is alleged, Levi Dewese was riding a bicycle on the sidewalk and ran down the plaintiff's little son, Ralph W. Vail. The child was severely injured and has not yet recovered from the shock. Mr. Vail claims that he was compelled to expend a considerable sum for medical treatment, and asks that he be decreed judgment in the sum of \$2,000. His lawyers are Smith & Yohe. The Home Savings and Loan Company, by J. W. Whiting, jr., began suit today against J. W. Patterson and others. Action was brought to recover \$1,080.36 due on a loan. The loan is secured by mortgage and foreclosure is desired.

The grand jury began its work at 1:30 o'clock Monday afternoon and at least fifteen witnesses were examined. The session will not be a long one as the cases to be investigated are those of prisoners in the county jail, and several which were taken upon transcript.

H. H. Shanafelt has been appointed administrator of the estate of Jacob Breen, of Plain township. A final account has been filed in the estate of Bernard Welty, of Sugar Creek township. Inventory and appraisement have been filed in the estate of Jacob Paul, of Tuscarawas township. The will of Jacob Heilman, of Canton, has been admitted to probate. The will of William Shaffer, of Nimishillen township has been filed for probate.

COURT IN SESSION.

The January Term Begins Today—The Grand Jury.

CANTON, Jan. 10.—The January term of common pleas court began this morning. Court was conducted in but one room, Judge Taylor being engaged at New Lisbon. The assignment for the week includes twenty-five cases and the first to be called is that of Ashenhurst vs. the Focus Publishing Company. Judge McCarthy heard the motion docket then impelled the following grand jurors: W. W. Webb, Alliance; Alexander Camp, Sugar Creek township; Jacob Knoll, Washington township; H. Graham, Plain township; Henry Friend, Tuscarawas township; Samuel Grimes, Alliance; S. H. Rockhill, Canton; Thomas Laviers, Massillon; Jacob Fohl, Bethlehem township; W. W. Goodman, Canton; H. H. Snyder, Tuscarawas township; Jacob E. Mishler, Canton township; Herman Barnes, Canton; L. D. Roath, Lexington township; A. Hammerly, Canton; Frank Trause, Alliance; John Wilson, Washington township.

By Lawyer Winson, of Akron, and Lawyers Eggert & McLaughlin, of Massillon, Noah R. Steiner began suit Saturday afternoon against Ollie Wolf. Action was brought to recover \$485 alleged to be due on a promissory note. Minnie Sauvageot has sued the Supreme Tent Knights Maccabees to recover \$3,000 due through the death of her husband. The latter was a member of the Louisville tent.

The guardian of Floyd L. Hursh, of Louisville, has filed a third partial account. Inventory and appraisement have been filed in the guardianships of Noah, Oscar and Edna Kroyer, of Massillon. The guardian of Mahlon and Charles Royer, of Nimishillen township, has filed the fifth account. In the estate of John E. Fern, of Washington township, the administrator has been ordered to sell and transfer promissory notes. Re-appraisement and public sale of lots No. 879 and 380 have been ordered in the assignment of Dominick Tyler, of Canton.

Railroad Gross Earnings.

The gross earnings of thirty-two roads for the fourth week in December, as made up from returns received by the United States Investor, were \$7,386,317, against \$6,520,561 for the corresponding week of 1896, an increase of \$865,756. Twenty-six roads show increases, and six decreases. During the past year the roads referred to above earned \$212,445,392, an increase of \$14,466,984 over the \$227,978,408 reported for 1896. For the longer period thirty show increases and two decreases. During the month of December thirty-four roads earned \$23,048,339, an increase of \$2,675,190 over the \$20,373,149 reported for December, 1896. Thirty-two show increases and two decreases.

The Birth of "Greater" New York.

With the dawn of the new year the "Greater" New York is ushered into the world a full grown giant. The problem of municipal government in this country is to be put to the supreme test on the grandest scale. Within its limits is contained a population equal to that of thirteen of our sovereign States at the last census, and as large as the thirteen original States when the union was organized. Provisions for the life and health of this vast multitude of all nations and climes is an unsolved enigma, but profiting by the experience of half a century's success, thousands of sufferers in New York and elsewhere can be wrested from the grasp of that agonizing complaint, rheumatism, by the timely and systematic use of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which is, moreover, a preventive of malaria and kidney trouble, and a sovereign curative of liver complaint, constipation, dyspepsia, debility, sick headache and nervousness. It is an admirable appetizer and promoter of sleep, hastens convalescence, and counteracts the infirmities of age.

THAT NEW YORK WIDOW.

A Massillonian is a Suitor for Her Hand and Heart.

Detective John Mintz, of Cleveland, to whom a wealthy New York widow has written requesting him to secure a husband for her, is now receiving letters from thousands of applicants. Detective Mintz received the strange request just a week ago. The woman stated that she was 35 years of age, a widow with one child, and worth \$1,500,000, and wanted an advertisement inserted in a Cleveland paper. The Cleveland detective took the trouble to make inquiry about the woman, and ascertained that her wealth had not been exaggerated.

Many amusing incidents have occurred in connection with the peculiar advertisement. One man living in Massillon has written that he buried his wife but two months ago and that the funeral expenses have not yet been paid. He suggests that the New York woman settle the debt, then he will talk business. Another writes that he will marry if the widow will "except" him. A third states that he is a man worth having barring a slight lameness in his left side.

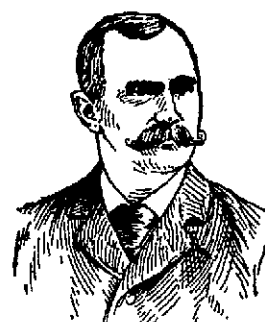
Officers Elected.

The stockholders of the Massillon Stoneware Company met at the company's office today and elected the following board of directors: Andrew Boerner, Frank A. Vogt, Mary C. Shepley, George Leshner and Felix R. Shepley. The directors then elected Andrew Boerner, president and manager; Frank A. Vogt, vice president; Felix R. Shepley, secretary and treasurer.

SEVEN DOCTORS FAILED.

A Case of Systemic Catarrh in Its Worst Form Cured.

Invalids would do well to read the following letter recently written to Dr. Hartman by Mr. Abe Miller, of Stilesville, Ind. Not only read it, but ponder on it. He writes: "A word of praise to your medicines. I began taking Pe-ru-na the 20th of February, 1897. I was all worn out. My weight was 134 pounds. I was weak and almost ready to go to bed. I had catarrh, asthma and kidney trouble. I have taken ten bottles of



Pe-ru-na and I weigh 161 pounds. I feel as if I could do as much work as any man on earth. I had tried seven doctors: some of them as good as there were in the state. But none of them did me any good. At last I saw Pe-ru-na advertised. Then I began taking it and it has cured me. So I recommended it to my neighbor and it is doing the work for him. He has gained four pounds from the use of three bottles."

Send to the Pe-ru-na Drug Manufacturing Company, Columbus, O., for Dr. Hartman's free book on catarrh.

Ask your druggist for a free Pe-ru-na Almanac for 1898.

SENATOR M. A. HANNA WINS

The Candidate of the People Triumphs Over Treachery.

THE HOUSE IN A GREAT UPROAR

The Galleries go Wild—Senators and Representatives Ditto—Hanna makes a Brief Speech, Thanking the Legislature for the Honor and Promising to be a Faithful Servant to the People.

COLUMBUS, Jan. 12.—The legislative halls were crowded early, although balloting did not begin till twelve o'clock, workers on both sides were busy all night. There were several personal collisions between opposing sides at hotels during the night. Great watchfulness was kept up to prevent the capturing of any votes by both sides. It is now two weeks since the fight began, and in this time sleep has been neglected by many workers.

In the Senate, Burke offered a resolution for investigation, and a long discussion followed. Before the vote was taken a message was received from the House that it was ready for a joint discussion. The President ruled further debate out of order and the matter was laid over. At noon the two Houses met in joint assembly in the House, the Lieutenant Governor presiding. He warned the galleries to preserve order. The Senate and House journals of yesterday were read. Cramer was the only absentee. Garfield presented the name of Hanna, which was seconded by several others. The Senate voted as yesterday 19 for McKisson and 17 for Hanna.

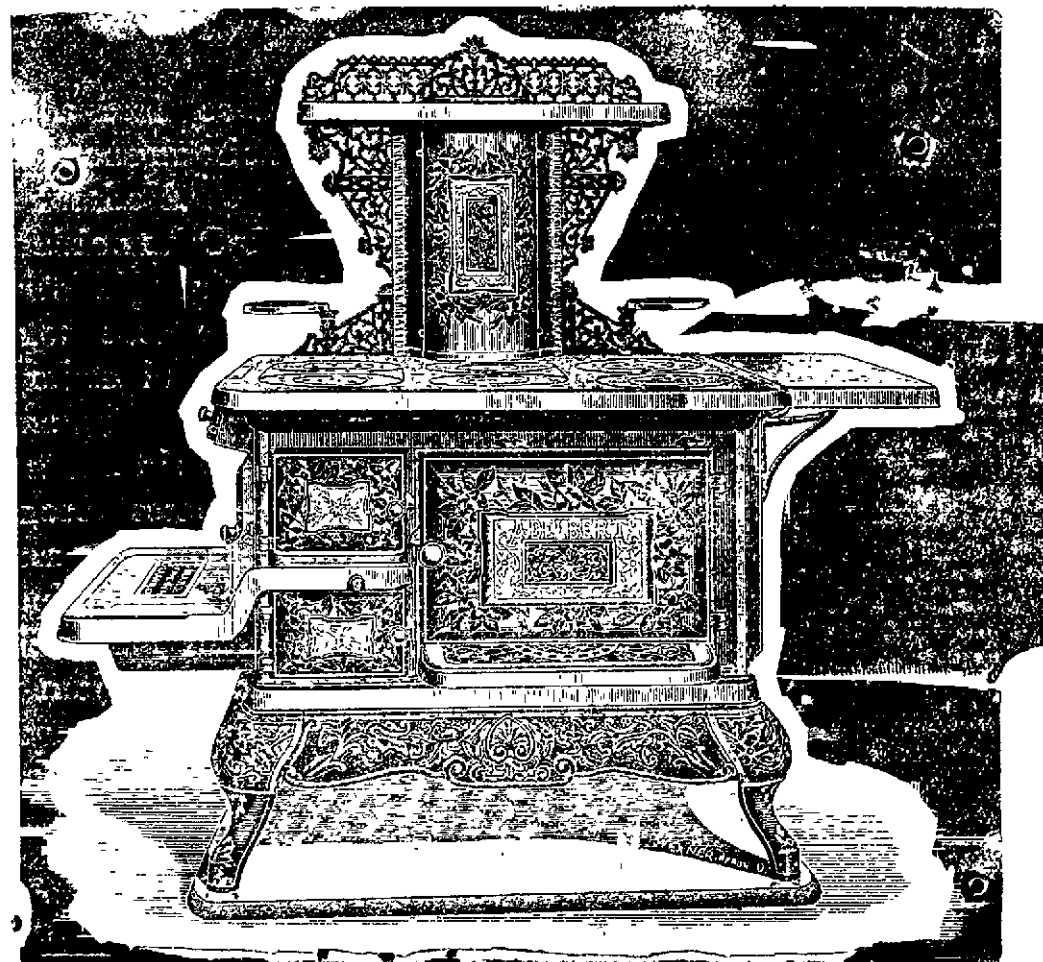
In the House the members voted the same as yesterday, except that Hazlett, who voted then for Wiley, and Hless, who voted then for Warner, voted today for McKisson. Wiley voted for Lentz.

In the Senate, Burke presented the name of McKisson. The Democrats made no nomination and no speeches. The total vote for the short term was,

Hanna 73, McKisson 70, Lentz 1. Hanna was declared elected for the term ending March 4, 1899. The noise was so great that the chair allowed jollifiers to pass out before taking the ballot for the long term. This resulted the same as the before, and pandemonium then broke loose. The galleries went wild—senators and representatives ditto. A committee of five were sent to escort Senator Hanna to the hall. Senators Alexander and Sullivan, and Representatives Steward, Leland and Bolin were appointed.

When Hanna was introduced he spoke briefly, thanking the legislature for the honor conferred upon him and promising to be a senator of the whole state, endeavoring to promote the state's development and to be a faithful servant of the people. Prolonged applause and cheering followed, and the joint convention adjourned.

In the House Otis was heard on a question of privilege, making a statement about the Brice bribery charges. He offered a resolution for immediate investigation before proceeding further with the election of a United States senator. The resolution was lost by 52 yeas, 56 nays. Cheers by Republicans and in the galleries followed upon the announcement of the defeat of this resolution. Representative Cramer is still absent and very ill. The opposition moved a recess for five minutes. A number of dilatory motions were made, on all of which the vote was the same, 52 to 56, the motion for a recess being defeated by that vote.



The Finest Range on the Market for the Money.

THE IDEAL RANGE

Is made for Hard Coal, Soft Coal and Wood. Large Cast Iron Reservoir with Japanned Lids and Frame; Large Flues directly under the reservoir, no flame touching side, thus heating water very rapidly; Nickel Panel on side of extension. We can give you this range with or without High Shelf.

Note Prices and Give Us a Call:

With High Shelf. Without High Shelf.

No. 7—18 Six Holes, 18x18 in. Oven	\$25.75	-	-	\$23.00.
No. 8—18 Six Holes, 18x18 in. Oven	25.75	-	-	23.00.
No. 8—20 Six Holes, 20x20 in. Oven	28.00	-	-	25.50.
No. 9—20 Six Holes, 20x20 in. Oven	28.00	-	-	25.50.

For Sale by—

J. S. COXEY.

Store Room and Office in Old Duxsee Mill Building, Opposite Central Engine House, Massillon, Ohio.

LOCAL HAPPENINGS.

Discovered this Week by Independent Investigators.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Weber, a daughter.

Mrs. Cordelia Fox is visiting friends in Mansfield.

Mrs. Jane H. Chidester is visiting in Cleveland.

Frank F. Taggart is spending a week in New York.

Stephen Bell, of Pittsburg, is visiting Massillon relatives.

Mrs. A. P. L. Pease has returned from a visit to Pittsburg.

William Dayton, of Canal Dover, is visiting friends in the city.

A Bell telephone has been placed in the residence of John Yast. No. 195.

Miss Fannie McLain, of Canton, is visiting Miss Bessie Vickery, in South Erie street.

Miss Fannie McDowell, of Waynesburg, is the guest of her aunt, Mrs. A. G. Berk.

Miss Laura Bracken, of Warren, is a guest at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Streeter.

Mrs. Ann Williams, of Cleveland, is a guest at the home of Mrs. A. J. Morgan, in West Main street.

Antonio Fisher, who was recently hurt on the state hospital grounds, is now able to go about on crutches.

Miss Mame E. Keller left on Sunday morning for a visit of several weeks in New York and Pittsburg.

Nicholas Huffman, who sustained injuries in the Warwick mine, recently, is in a very serious condition.

Mr. and Mrs. George Strobel, of North Lawrence, attended the lecture at the Armory on Tuesday evening.

Operations were resumed at the works of the Massillon Stoneware Company, this morning, after an idleness of six weeks.

D. F. Streb has returned to Richville, after having been a resident of this city for some time, being in the employ of J. D. Frank & Co.

The Rev. G. M. Schmucker, of Canton, will lecture in Faith Lutheran chapel, the 25th of this month. Subject, "Before and After."

The amateur minstrels contemplate giving another performance some time in April, which will surpass any of the previous presentations. Jerome F. Shepley is already rehearsing his song.

Turkeyfoot lake is covered by nearly a foot of ice and affords excellent skating. Quite a number of bass have been caught through the ice during the past few days, and anglers are numerous.

A cablegram was received this afternoon from Gibraltar, announcing the safe arrival there of Mr. and Mrs. Robert P. Skinner. Their voyage was a pleasant one, and both are in excellent health.

The Episcopal dime society will be held on Friday evening in St. Timothy's parish building. The hostesses will be Mrs. J. M. Jarvis, Mrs. Katherine B. Focke, Mrs. James R. Dunn and Miss Ida Reiley.

The most disastrous fire ever known in Lisbon took place Monday evening. The Lisbon woolen mill was completely destroyed. The loss is estimated at \$40,000, with about \$20,000 insurance. The mill employed 250 hands.

Mrs. A. M. Brush has tendered her resignation as instructor of English and head of the ladies' department at Mt. Union college. She has taught at the college for over twenty five years. Her son H. W. Brush, is United States consul at Clifton Ont.

The funeral of the fifteen-months-old child of Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence McGreal took place on Monday afternoon from St. Joseph's church. The pall bearers were, Misses, Julia Sheehan, Jennie Sheehan, Sadie O'Donnell and Sophie Annen.

The Military band will give a series of three concerts, the first at the Armory on January 26, under the auspices of the Enterprise Company, U. R. K. of P. Tickets will sell for fifty cents each, and will entitle the holder to admission to the three concerts.

The train which has passed through Massillon regularly every morning for some months, on the C. L. & W. railway, with men to work on the docks at Lorain, will hereafter start from Sterling. Massillon workmen will spend their whole time on their section.

Patrick Burk, employed in the Pocock mine, had his right foot crushed by a fall of coal, Monday afternoon. He was brought to Dr. Williamson's office and was then taken to his home. Although the injury is serious, it is not thought that amputation will be necessary.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Willison entertained the Jolly Twenty Euchre Club at their Grant street residence, Monday evening, the usual twenty games being played, the first prizes, a handsome dish and a jardiniere, being won by Mrs. John Evans and Mr. John Crooks. Mr. and Mrs. John Wolfesperger carried off the consolation prizes.

Frank W. Kohl and Frank C. Sibila were elected members of the council of St. Mary's church, Sunday morning, for terms of two years. The other members of the council are Joseph Schneider and Joseph Kettl, whose terms do not expire until next year. An election was also held by the congregation of St. Joseph's church, Adam Stephan and Felix R. Shepley being chosen. Philip Sonnhalter and H. H. Pille are the other councilmen.

At the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Merchants National bank, held today, the following directors were elected: J. W. McClymonds, F. H. Snyder, G. L. Albrecht, C. B. Allman, S. A. Conrad, Wm. F. Ricks, I. M. Taggart, Z. T. Baltzy, H. C. Diehlman and John

Silk. The directors, at their meeting, elected the following officers: President, J. W. McClymonds; vice president, S. A. Conrad; cashier, Wm. F. Ricks; assistant cashier, I. M. Taggart.

Prof. E. A. Jones, superintendent of the Massillon public schools, while walking in South Mill street, between five and six o'clock Saturday evening, slipped on the icy pavement and fell in such a manner as to sustain a fracture to the smaller of the two bones below the knee of the right leg.

Mr. Jones managed to get to the Reeves residence near by, and after a few minutes' rest, started for home. By the time he reached the park he was much exhausted, and had to ask the assistance of a man who was passing in a wagon.

Arriving at his home, Dr. T. C. Miller was called, and the injury dressed. In two weeks Mr. Jones expects to be able to get about on crutches, but six weeks will be required to bring about his recovery.

Mention was made some time ago in THE INDEPENDENT of the wonderful feats in surgery accomplished by "Bone-setter" Reese, of Youngstown, well known in Massillon, particularly among rolling mill men.

One of the most remarkable cases is that of little Miss Pearl Collier, of Dalton, the niece of Mrs. J. R. Williams, of this city.

About eight months ago the child fell while playing, and afterwards complained of pain in the knee. Mrs. Collier became alarmed and took the child to several leading physicians, who pronounced the trouble a bruise of the bone, and said the child would soon be all right.

Instead of improving, Miss Pearl grew gradually worse, and as swelling began to form at the knee. Finally, through the influence of friends, Mr. and Mrs. Collier took their child to Mr. Reese, who instantly said that one of the bones of the leg had been displaced at the knee joint.

He explained that the only reason why she had been able to walk at all, was that the lotions that had been applied had deadened the nerves. He set the bone and up to this time she is improving.

WILL NOT RESIGN.
Judge Ricks Says That He Never Contemplated Such a Step.

Judge A. J. Ricks, of the United States district court, has emphatically denied a statement to the effect that he intended to resign from the bench soon and retire to private life.

"I cannot possibly understand," said Judge Ricks when asked about the truth of the report, "where such a rumor could possibly have originated. Not only did I never say anything to anyone about resigning, but I have never contemplated such a step for an instant in my own mind.

In regard to the part of the report that my health is poor, all I will say is that I have been here every day since the court opened last fall and ready to transact business when there was anything to attend to. There is not a particle of truth in the rumor."

OBITUARY NOTICES.
CHARLES E. MILLER.

Charles E. Miller, a former resident of Massillon, is dead at St. Paul, which had been his home for the past nine years. The cause of death was catarrh of the stomach.

The deceased was a brother of Otto Miller and a half brother of John and Nicholas Youngblood, of this city. At one time Mr. Miller was a blacksmith in Massillon, afterwards became a traveling salesman for Dannemiller & Co., and at the time of his death was the representative of a St. Paul firm. The body will not be brought to Massillon for interment.

MRS. MARTHA MADDER.
The body of the late Mrs. Martha Maddar, aged 80 years, whose death occurred in Cleveland, yesterday, arrived in Massillon today, and was taken to East Greenville, the deceased's former home, where the funeral will be held. Mrs. Maddar was born in Switzerland. She was for many years a resident of Stark county, but for the last three years had lived in Cleveland.

A BUSINESS CHANGE.
Allman & Putman Purchase the Store of L. A. Koons & Company.

Allman & Putman, proprietors of the Bee Hive, have purchased the variety store of L. A. Koons & Co., and will at once close out the stock on hand. The wall between the Koons store and the east room of the Bee Hive is to be taken out, and thus much needed space will be gained. This is doubly necessary now, as the firm contemplates a considerable extension of its business.

Stands at the Head.
Aug. J. Bogel, the leading druggist of Shreveport, La., says: "Dr. King's New Discovery is the only thing that cures my cough, and it is the best seller I have."

J. F. Campbell, merchant of Safford, Ariz., writes: "Dr. King's New Discovery is all that is claimed for it; it never fails, and is sure cure for Consumption, Coughs and colds. I cannot say enough for its merits." Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds is not an experiment. It has been tried for a quarter of a century, and today stands at the head. It never disappoints. Free trial bottles at Z. T. Baltzy's drug store.

What It Means.
When we advertise that we will guarantee Dr. King's New Discovery, Electric Bitters, Bucklen's Arnica Salve, or Dr. King's New Life Pills, it means that we are authorized by the proprietors to sell these remedies on a positive guarantee, that if purchaser is not satisfied with results, we will refund the purchase price. These medicines have been sold on this guarantee for many years, and there could be no more conclusive evidence of their great merit. Ask about them and give them a trial. Sold at Z. T. Baltzy's drug store.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve
The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Z. T. Baltzy.

NEWS OF OTHER TOWNS.

The Athletes of East Greenville Issue Challenges.

ACCIDENT AT THE MINGLEWOOD.

Dalton People Say They Cannot Attend the Lecture Tonight on Account of the Bad Roads, and Continue to Discuss Street Railway Matters.

EAST GREENVILLE, Jan. 11.—John Corvin, the Kid McCoy of these parts, hereby challenges Cy Young to a boxing contest, to take place in the street, next Wednesday evening, before all who care to attend. Friends of Cy Brinker are endeavoring to arrange for another match between their man and the ferocious "Klondike," who has once met Brinker and now claims the championship of the neighborhood.

ITEMS FROM DALTON.
Will Not Attend the Lecture—Mad Dogs and a New Railway.

DALTON, Jan. 11.—Many Dalton people would like to attend the lecture in Massillon, tonight, but the roads are in such bad condition that even those who hold tickets will not go.

All the suspected mad dogs of the neighborhood have been killed, and stock owners breathe freely again. The animal that brought the trouble to the township has not been found, but there is plenty of proof that it is no longer hereabouts.

The town is much interested in street railway matters and is anxious that the Massillon friends of the movement take some action. The miners especially want to see the road built, for many now are obliged to walk several miles to work.

CAVE IN AT MINGLEWOOD.
It was Caused by the Weakening of the Timbers.

NORTH LAWRENCE, Jan. 11.—A cave in occurred at the Minglewood slope, some distance from the opening, during the night, and the mine is consequently idle, about 250 men being affected. The timbers had become rotten with age. It will be several days before the slope can be made clear.

ANOTHER MINE ACCIDENT.
NAVARRE, Jan. 11.—Operations were resumed at the Standard mine, this morning, after an idleness of several days, due to the breaking of a part of the machinery.

Mr. and Mrs. Smith Entertain.
PIGEON RUN, Jan. 11.—Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin Smith, whose marriage took place in Massillon recently, gave a reception to their friends, Saturday evening. Among the guests were a large number of Massillonians, who came in a hay-wagon. Mrs. Smith was formerly Miss Rosa Kramer, of Massillon.

DALTON ITEMS.
DALTON, Jan. 12.—Mrs. Frank Riggs, of Avondale, is the guest of her mother, Mrs. Florence McGill. Mrs. Isaac Jameson died early Sunday morning at the home of her son, Howard, of this place. Mrs. Jameson's death was very sudden, having been taken ill only the day previous to her death. Her ailment was said to have been pneumonia. Tuesday afternoon, after a short service, the body, accompanied by the friends, was removed to Applecreek, where services were held in the Presbyterian church. After the services the body was interred in the Applecreek cemetery.

Mrs. George Schultz, of Massillon, arrived, Saturday afternoon, to visit her sister, Mrs. John Luginbuhl. Saturday night she was taken violently ill, and was unable to leave her room, Sunday. She improved sufficiently, however, to return to her home Monday afternoon. Mrs. Will Barnard, of Wooster, is the guest of Miss Oda Hawk. Mrs. Eliza Goudy is ill at East Main-street home. Wednesday afternoon, Jan. 5, Mr. and Mrs. Levi Rudy tendered their son Clyde and his bride a reception at their home, northeast of town. Miss Lucy Franks, of Applecreek, is the guest of her sister, Mrs. G. C. Freet. Miss Edwards, of New York, is visiting friends in this village. Mr. and Mrs. Nelson Erwin were tendered a reception last Thursday afternoon by the groom's parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Erwin, at their home southeast of town. Mr. Merckle, of Nebraska is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Houghton.

WILMOT, Jan. 12.—Elias Hoopingartner has been taking a look at the Joss farm, with a view of buying. The Henry Langkamp farm is for sale. The funeral of Mrs. Christina Kaylor took place on Thursday last, the Rev. H. Cornwell officiating. Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Buss commenced housekeeping for themselves last week. During the past two years they have made their home with Mrs. Buss's mother.

A HIGH WOMAN FOUND STARVING.
CANAL DOVER, Jan. 13.—Miss Elizabeth Winnard, aged 70, was found by neighbors in her home near Barrs Mills, where she lives as a recluse, lying on the floor, scantily clothed and unconscious. She had fallen almost in the fire, it is supposed from sheer exhaustion, having deprived herself of the necessities of life, though wealthy. Her recovery is very doubtful.

Pictures Tell the Story
Of how everything looks in South Dakota as the result of the great crops of the last three years. The Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway Company has had photographs taken of actual farm scenes in South Dakota, and has had them reproduced in an attractive eight-page illustrated circular, which it is distributing free of cost to all who are looking for new homes in the most fertile section of the Middle Northwest.

Send your address to H. F. Hunter, Immigration Agent for South Dakota, 291 Dearborn street, Chicago, Ill., or to W. E. Powell, General Immigration Agent, 410 Old Colony Building, Chicago, Ill.

EXTENSIVE REPAIRS.

The Capacity of the Millport Brewery to be Increased.

Repairs that will cost \$3,000 or \$4,000 are to be made at Anton Kopp's Millport brewery. Work will be commenced next week. The sidewalls are to be replaced, the cellars are to be remodeled, new floors put down and new and larger vats brot into use, thus increasing the capacity of the plant from 12,000 to 15,000 barrels a year.

NEWS FROM CANTON.

Happenings of the Day at the County Seat.

A PETITION FOR DIVORCE FILED.

A Husband's Cruelty the Cause for Action. The First National Bank Re-organized, and the Work House Directors Meet—Probate Court Notes.

CANTON, Jan. 12.—Mary E. Wehn applied for a divorce this morning from George C. Wehn, charging extreme cruelty. In the petition Mrs. Wehn claims that her husband drove her from their house at the point of a revolver. A restraining order is also petitioned for enjoining the defendant from removing household effects and a child to Allegheny.

Gust Beutelpacher, recently appointed United States commercial agent at three ports in New Brunswick, gave a farewell reception to his friends last night at the Turner hall. The annual meeting was completed by the election of officers, then Mr. Beutelpacher sprung his little surprise. A feast had been prepared and speeches were numerous.

The case of Welty & Company vs. Zittler and others was dismissed without prejudice by Judge McCarty this morning, pending the settlement of the case of Zittler vs. Hammerly. In the former case suit was brought to set aside an alleged fraudulent conveyance of goods.

Louisa Balser, of Canton, assigned on Tuesday to Mark K. Wettack. The assets are estimated at \$18,000 and the liabilities are given at \$15,000. Mrs. Balser conducted a saloon and music hall in North Market street.

In the estate of W. C. Grant, of Bethlehem township, Henry Hassler has been substituted as plaintiff in the proceedings for sale of land, succeeding Venzo Grant. A final account has been filed in the estate of Mary Richardt, of Canton.

In the estate of Levi Stump, of Perry township, exceptions to the final account have been dismissed. The second partial account has been filed in the estate of William Baugh, of Lake township.

The directors of the county workhouse met in special session Tuesday afternoon to make preparation for the sale of horses, wagons and implements used in road work and on the farm. The sale will take place Thursday afternoon, January 20. A number of convicts were put to work Tuesday, excavating for the street railway extension on Lake street.

Superintendent Pontius expects to realize four hundred dollars through the operation. At the meeting Mr. Pontius denied having any intention of resigning.

The First National bank, of Canton, was re-organized Tuesday by the election of a new board of directors who are: J. J. Sullivan, of Cleveland; Austin Lynch, W. H. Clark, F. E. Case, Julius Dannemiller, Johnson Sherrick and L. A. Loichot. Mr. Sherrick was the only member of the former board elected. The new directors own most of the capital stock of the institution, which is \$200,000. On Thursday officers will be elected, and L. A. Loichot is expected to succeed L. L. Miller, as cashier.

NEWS FROM NEWMAN.
All Sorts of Gossip, Personal and Otherwise.

NEWMAN, Jan. 13.—J. D. and John Evans went to Osnaburg, Sunday, to visit their old friend, Robert Thurawell, who is not expected to survive long. Joseph Griffiths and Mrs. Elizabeth Edwards have returned to their homes, after spending the holidays with friends at a distance, and both are highly pleased with their trip. Wm. M. Hardgrove, of Lawrence township, assumed the duties of infirmiry director for Stark county, recently, and now feels happy. John Lafayette Davis returned home, last week, after a pleasant visit with his daughter, Mrs. Thomas Stanford, at East Greenville. Dr. A. B. Campbell, of Canal Fulton, made our village a professional visit last Sunday, and reports our friend, James F. Miller, in a very critical condition. The box social and dance given last Saturday evening, in A. C. Miller's hall, for the benefit of Widow Miller, at Pigeon Run, was largely attended. We failed to learn the proceeds. Mrs. John Prosser, while going from her house to the barn, last Sunday, slipped on the ice and fell, fracturing several ribs, and it was feared she was injured internally. Dr. Reed, of Massillon, was called and rendered the necessary medical assistance, and she is now doing as well as the circumstances will permit.

Wm. Jackett, who recently lost his life partner by death, has broken up housekeeping and is now at the home of his son-in-law, Albert Stock. Mrs. T. Masters, of Massillon, who owns the property just vacated by Mr. Jackett, was here last Friday and offered the same for sale. The sale of the two Harsh farms, last Thursday drew a number of people together to witness the proceedings. Mrs. Pierce purchased both farms at a reasonable price. The Walter farm which was incumbered by reserving the mineral and right of way, was sold for \$45 per acre, while the Heinrich farm, unincumbered brought \$55.25 per acre. We are pleased to learn that Messrs. Kohler and Heinrich are to remain on the farms and continue to be a part of our

people. We notice that while Chief Inspector of Mines Hazeltine was in Massillon he was quoted as saying that John P. Jones had not yet resigned as district inspector. We believe this is a mistake as Jones would not assume the duties of Representative without first resigning the inspectorship there by making his title to a seat and vote in General Assembly clear and undisputed and from recent reports and to the surprise of his friends went down in the senatorial fight with the Democrats with flying colors. A convention of the fourth-class postmasters in Stark county was held in Canton last Tuesday when a resolution was passed requesting the Hon. R. W. Taylor to support and use his influence for the passage of the Cummings and Hardy bills for the relief of fourth-class postmasters. A permanent organization was effected with G. W. Wilhelm as president and J. P. Yockey secretary, adjourned to meet at their call.

BOLIVAR LETTER.
Bright News Items About Many Different Things.

BOLIVAR, Jan. 13.—The Rev. J. H. Summers, D. F. Lash and John Heckman went to Columbus as delegates to the anti-saloon league convention, being held there this week. The supper given by the Jr. O. U. A. M., on last Friday night, was a complete success. The officers of the council were publicly enrolled. In the near future a concert will be given in the interest of one of our churches, for the purpose of procuring an organ. W. T. Sherman Culp is booked for a lecture on the 22nd. This will be the second of a series of lectures to be given this winter. The dancing club will give a ball on Friday evening of this week, in Vasper's hall. The ice breaker is at work trying to get several boats through that are ice bound, north of the village. The ice is from four to six inches thick.

Marlin Harmon, a young man residing with his parents, north of this place, died, Saturday morning, of pneumonia, and was buried, Monday, from Zion church. He was well known and had a wide circle of friends among old and young. Several of the band boys attended a rehearsal of the Zoar band, last evening. They report a good time. Zoar has a first class band, and they take delight in keeping it up. Philip Kline and wife, of Vernon, Mich., were here on a visit last week. Gust Miller, who has been selling goods for McRea, of Canton, in the Pennsylvania hills and mountains, sent in his wagon and will take it by rail while the roads are so bad. Samuel Dietrick and D. M. Lash took a trip to Canton, last night, starting at dark.

TEACHERS INSTITUTE.
A Most Profitable one Held at Pigeon Run Last Saturday Afternoon and Evening.

The Perry and Tuscarawas Township Teachers' Association held the last and most profitable institute in its history last Saturday afternoon and evening, at the chapel at Pigeon Run. The day was a delightful one and every indication pointed to a successful and profitable institute. A large number of teachers were present, and enjoyed the intellectual treat that was in store for them, and assisted in making the institute the best ever held, by freely taking part in the discussions which were quite spirited and interesting.

The afternoon session was principally devoted to a class drill on "Written Solutions," conducted by H. H. Gallatin. Mr. Gallatin handled this subject in a masterly manner, and many technical questions were asked and answered in a very satisfactory manner. L. B. Harris then clearly presented the subject "What Should the Teacher Read?" He demonstrated to the teachers the necessity and importance of being thoroughly posted on all current events in order to maintain his credit as a competent instructor in the rural districts. The subject was ably discussed by every teacher present, and many valuable hints on the subject were given. The association then adjourned to meet at 7 o'clock.

The homes of the good people of the district were then thrown open to the teachers, a hearty welcome given them and a most delicious supper furnished. After enjoying the festivities, the teachers, parents and children gathered at the chapel, and when President F. A. Hanna called the house to order, standing room was at a premium. The evening session opened with music by the pupils, under the direction of E. G. Bowers. After the usual preliminaries were disposed of, the regular work was taken up.

Evolution was presented by G. B. Snively in a well prepared paper that showed careful thought, and a spirited and interesting discussion followed, both pro and con, participated in by teachers and others. The secret of character

FROM FOOT TO KNEE
Ohio Woman Suffered Great Agony From a Terrible Sore—Her Story of the Cause, and Her Cure.

"For many years I was afflicted with a milk leg, and a few years ago it broke out in a sore and spread from my foot to my knee. I suffered great agony. It would burn and itch all the time and discharge a great deal. My health was good with the exception of this sore. I tried a great many kinds of salve, but some would irritate the sore so that I could hardly stand the pain. I could not go near the fire without suffering intensely. Someone sent me papers containing testimonials of cures by Hood's Sarsaparilla, and I told my husband I would like to try this medicine. He got me a bottle and I found it helped me. I kept on taking it until my limb was completely healed. I cannot praise Hood's Sarsaparilla enough for the great benefit it has been to me. It cleanses the blood of all impurities and leaves it white and pure." MRS. ANNA E. EAKEN, Whittesey, Ohio.

You can buy Hood's Sarsaparilla of all druggists. Be sure to get only Hood's.

are the favorite family cathartic. Price 25c.

Hood's Pills

Royal makes the food pure, wholesome and delicious.



building was ably presented from psychological standpoint by G. H. Walter, many essential requisites of character building being given, and an interesting discussion followed. Education for citizenship was next presented in well prepared paper, that showed careful preparation and deliberation, by F. A. Hanna. The essayist forcibly demonstrated the importance of good citizenship, of patriotism, and of a good government, and a determination to defend and preserve the nation's honor and credit in time of peace as well as in time of war. J. C. Bell followed with an earnest and logical talk on township supervision. Mr. Bell handled his subject in an interesting manner, and clearly pointed out the benefit of supervision and the needs of the rural schools, and prescribed township or county supervision as the remedy for the betterment of our country schools, and closed with a powerful plea for county supervision. The above programme was interspersed with music and recitations by the pupils of the school. After the reports from the committees the institute adjourned to meet at Genoa, February 13. Following is the programme:

Written Solutions H. H. Gallatin
Errors in Language C. M. Smith
Geology A. I. Mayer
Religion in School D. W. Walter
Should there be More Schools in Our Rural Districts E. A. Stewart
Subject Selected A. B. Oberholt

Advertised Letters.
List of letters remaining unclaimed in the postoffice at Massillon, Jan. 11, 1908:

LADIES.
Snyder, Mrs. Wm.
MEN.
Devoy, John Markle, Simon
Shaw, Douglas

Persons calling for the above named letters will please say advertised.
FELIX R. SHEPLEY, P. M.

Samuel Persky, of North Lawrence, a former Massillonian, was concerned in one of the most interesting cases that have ever been tried before Squire Pollock, Tuesday. The Zone Oil Company sued for \$19.24, and the jury gave a verdict for the full amount. G. B. Egger represented the company, and R. A. Pinn the defendant.

The \$50

remedy for all cases of dropsy, indigestion, weakness, lame back, loss of vitality, and all other ailments that cannot be cured by ordinary means. The new scientific discovery for shattered nerves, thin blood, will most positively be paid on receipt of reliable evidence. Morrow's Kidneys are prepared in yellow capsules, 50c a box at Druggists, or mailed on receipt of price. HOBBS MEDICINE CO., Springfield, Ohio, manufacturers of the famous Lightning Hot Balm. Write for testimonials.

An Attractive Woman.
If a woman is not attractive, there is something wrong. Any woman can be attractive if she will make the effort. It isn't altogether a question of beauty. It's largely a matter of health. The bloom and the glow of health go far toward bringing beauty. A clear skin, bright eyes, red lips and the vivacity which bodily good feeling brings, will make even a homely woman handsome.

Half of the women one meets are semi-invalids. Failure to heed the warnings of outraged nature—failure to give the help needed by the most delicate and sensitive organs—little troubles ignored until they have become dominant—these things bring about the sunk, circled eyes, the hollow cheeks, the pale and yellow skin, the flabby, strengthless flesh, which characterizes the appearance of the woman who suffers from "female weakness."

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription has cured thousands of suffering women. It is a perfected specific for the troubles peculiar to them. It eradicates the disease, stops the dragging, life-sapping drain, and in a perfectly rational, natural way, builds up the wasted strength. It will bring buoyant health. It will put roses into pale faces—solid flesh in sunken places. It does away with the humiliating examinations and "local treatment" so much dreaded by modestly sensitive women. For thirty years it has been successfully prescribed by Dr. Pierce, Chief Consulting Physician to the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute at Buffalo, N. Y.

Dover, N. H., Oct. 31, 1896.
MRS. ELY BROS.—The Balm reached me safely and in so short a time the effect is surprising. My son says the first application gave decided relief. I have a shelf filled with "Catarrh Cures." Tomorrow the stove shall receive them and Ely's Cream Balm will reign supreme. Respectfully, MRS. FRANKLIN FREEMAN.

Cream Balm is kept by all druggists. Full size 50c. Trial size 10 cents. We mail it, ELY BROS., 55 Warren St., N. Y. City.

There is a Class of People
Who are injured by the use of coffee. Recently there has been placed in all the grocery stores a new preparation called GRAIN-O, made of pure grains, that takes the place of coffee. The most delicate stomach receives it without distress, and but few can tell it from coffee. It does not cost over 1/4 as much. Children may drink it with great benefit. 15 cts. and 25 cts. per package. Try it. Ask for GRAIN-O.

Medical men say rheumatism is the forerunner of heart disease. Hood's Sarsaparilla cures rheumatism by its action on the blood.

Now is the time to subscribe.

THE CUNNING HEATHEN

How John Chinaman Hoodwinks Uncle Sam's Officers.

EVADES THE EXCLUSION ACT.

Exercises Great Ingenuity In Smuggling His Countrymen Over the Border—Experiences of a United States Marshal In Circumventing the Wily Celestials.



EXPOSED THE FACE OF THE CHINAMAN.

would not think him capable of. He has had years of experience with Chinamen and their cunning work to smuggle in their fellow countrymen in violation of the law. He said hundreds of Chinamen are smuggled into the United States across the St. Lawrence river, and told the following interesting story of how they do it:

"The Chinamen we catch come to Canada from China. The Canadian government has no law prohibiting them coming to that country, but makes them pay \$50 if they intend to remain there. They have 30 days in which to pay this sum. Those who intend making the United States their future home go to Canada and are then smuggled across the line and shipped to some large city by a company of Chinese which makes that illegal traffic its business. This company takes them across the St. Lawrence river at night in a boat, landing them near some small railroad town.

"There they have men on this side ready to meet them, and when the boat reaches the shore they are put in a wagon and carried to the railroad station. Then they are put on board the train and taken to New York city by a white man, who acts as their guide and delivers them at a designated address. Once they arrive in New York city it is impossible to catch them, as their fellow countrymen hide them from the officers of the law as long as there is any danger of their being caught.

"One of the Chinamen I took west the other day was a fellow 6 feet 4 inches tall, arrested by one of our deputies on the train at Albany. He was disguised as a woman, having a dress on over his clothes, a veil on his face, and in one hand he carried a lady's hand bag. Being so tall he excited the suspicions of the trainmen, and while looking at him one of the train crew caught sight of his yellow neck, the veil not coming down to the collar of the dress he wore. The man mistook something was wrong and telegraphed to Albany. When the train pulled into the depot, Deputy Marshal Spring stopped aboard, and walking up to the Canadian who was seated alongside the Chinaman asked him where he was going. He replied that he and his wife were going to New York. Spring then stepped forward, pulled up the veil and exposed the face of the Chinaman. Both were arrested, and last month this man was sentenced to six months in jail and to pay a fine of \$100.

"Before being sentenced the man said that he lived in Canada, was a married man, out of work, with a family to support. One day an agent of the company which I spoke of came to him and told him that if he would take a Chinaman to New York he was to have all his expenses paid both ways and receive \$30 for his three days' work upon his return, the company agreeing to disguise the man as a woman and deliver him on board the train.

"To show you, how cute these Chinamen are, I will recite another instance which is but one in a hundred. A few years ago a deputy was taking four Chinamen to the coast for deportation. The Chinamen's friends learned of their condition, and telegraphed to friends in Montana to lay some trap to help those four fellows to skip from the officers. While journeying through Montana four Chinamen got on the train at a certain town and sat in the car where the deputy and his two guards had their prisoners. The deputy paid no attention to those four Chinamen. After they had been on the train for two hours, four Chinamen got up and got off at a small town. No attention was paid to these fellows, the deputy supposing they were the four who got on further up the road. After going about 100 miles they got off and started to catch up with the deputy who stopped them, they caught at him, and putting their hands into their clothes pulled out their certificates, showing him that his men got off at the other station. He could not hold them, as he could not prove they had aided the original four to escape, as they simply came into the car and sat down. He spent several days hunting for his Chinamen, but never found them.

"Last July the same kind of a game was attempted on me as I went through with some Chinamen for deportation. When I arrived at Buffalo a certain man gave me a tip that some Chinamen were going to take my men from me by some means that he did not know. I thanked him, and said I would see that they did not. I at once got two extra guards to accompany me. When I got to the depot before train time, I noticed several Chinamen standing around the depot. I took my Chinamen in the car and placed them in a seat at the forward end of the car and left one guard, not known to the Chinamen, sitting in the car with them, while I went in the car behind that one and watched developments. After awhile the Chinamen I saw on the platform came into the car where my Chinamen were. Not seeing me, the leader of the party took my Chinamen and placed them in seats at the other end of the car, while he put his in the seat recently occupied by mine. The leader sat in the middle of the car, and finally got

off at a small town. Before leaving Buffalo I left word to arrest him, should I telegraph that my men attempted to escape. "I had posted the train crew that something was up, and they said they would help me if I needed assistance. I had also instructed the guard I had left in the car, not to pay any attention to the Chinamen unless they attempted to escape, and in that event to handcuff the other men, as I would look after my man.

HER SMILES WON THE CASE.

Pretty Kentucky Maiden Captivated the Judge and Jury.

In chivalrous Kentucky a winsome young woman charged with the crime of selling whisky without a license won immunity from a fine or imprisonment by captivating the hearts of the judge and jury who tried her. The culprit was a typical mountain beauty 16 years of age and had the musical and uncommon name of Alabama Brown. Among her own people she is known as the "Merry Mountain Maid." She appeared in court comfortably but not gaudily attired and with a most innocent but winsome smile.

The case was tried at Covington in the United States circuit court before Judge Barr. When the first witness was called on the side of the prosecution the "Merry Mountain Maid" bolted from the prisoners' chair and walked up alongside the judge. There she stood calmly, cross questioning them after the prosecution had finished. She then took the stand and informed the jury that she had given the witnesses whisky, but that it belonged to her old grandmother, and that she had not sold it with the view of making money.

NO MERCY FOR MURDERERS.

Hanging and Hell Fire Their Portion, Says a San Francisco Preacher.

Much interest and not a little criticism have been aroused among ministers and the lay fraternity in San Francisco by the fire and brimstone punishment which Rev. R. W. Reynolds, pastor of Holy Park Presbyterian church, says is, without chance of escape, the portion of every murderer. Dr. Reynolds' utterance was made at the meeting of the Presbyterian ministers and shocked the brethren into an exclamation and full silence. Not a minister of any denomination has been found who holds with Pastor Reynolds. He is alone in his merciless doctrine.



When seen by a Chronicle reporter, Rev. Mr. Reynolds spoke freely of his convictions on this point. He said he did not wish to be understood as defining and delimiting God's grace, which might be boundless, but the position of murderers and their punishment were specifically laid down in the Bible, and if God had saving grace for them it must be something that would be exercised outside of this world. He said that he would continue to preach hanging and hell fire for murderers. Furthermore, he believed that Christian

ONE KIND OF BAD MEN

THOSE WHO ARE DANGEROUS TO ROWDIES AND ROBBERS.

A Wyoming Cattleman Who Checked the Little Game of Two Chicago Thieves. How a Millinery Salesman Cowed a Tough That Wanted to Shoot at Everything.

"What is known as a bad man in the far west is not necessarily a man of an unvarying evil disposition or of disposition evil at all. He may be uniformly and cussedly bad or bad only in the sense of being dangerous to those who offer him unjustifiable provocation. I have met many varieties of the species in my 20 years of travel west of the Mississippi," said a former commercial traveler.

"I was in the train in which it happened, although I did not see the occurrence, when two thieves came to grief in trying to rob a cattleman. It was in the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy station in Chicago, or, rather, just beyond the station. The thieves evidently had planned the robbery beforehand, knowing that the cattleman had a large sum of money with him, and they had followed him to the train and aboard a coach. He had seated himself near the middle of the car. After the train had started and got under good headway one of the thieves suddenly grabbed him from behind, pinning his arms to his side, while the other drew his pocketbook from his inner breast pocket. Then the thieves ran in opposite ways toward the car doors with the intention, of course, of jumping from the moving train, but they hadn't reckoned rightly on the quickness of the cattleman's pistol. Drawing his revolver, he brought down one of the thieves half way to the door, mortally wounded, with a bullet through his back. Turning, he fired at the other, just dashing out at the door, shooting him through the heart so that he fell dead on the platform.

"The whole thing was done so quickly that few of the passengers in the coach were aware that anything unusual was going on until the pistol shots rang out. Then naturally there were jumping up and confusion and hysterics. The cattleman, pistol in hand, went at once to the first thief he had shot, searched him and, not finding his pocketbook, went back through the car to where the other thief lay dead on the platform. The crowd gave him free passage along the aisle, you can bet. At the door a brakeman handed him the pocketbook, which the thief had dropped when he fell. The cattleman ran his eye over the contents, satisfied himself that they were all right, then went back to his seat, where he remained quietly until the next station was reached. Here he got out, asked the telegraph operator to notify the police that he was waiting for them to arrest him and staid until they came. The coroner's jury exonerated him for the killing, and his case, if ever it came before a court, was quickly dismissed. I met him afterward in Wyoming, a quiet, everyday sort of man of no particular reputation as a shot, who had got along with little trouble in a fighting way before and after his exploit at Chicago, but he showed himself great at this one time when nerve and promptness and good marksmanship were needed.

"I saw a rough fellow taken down by a man who was not a bit rough to look at once on a passenger train of the Southern Pacific road, west of Denver. It was in a parlor car, and the tough had arrived at the stage of drunkenness where he felt it necessary to get out his pistol and shoot at telegraph poles along the side of the track. He got up when the conductor spoke to him and allowed he'd do pretty much as he pleased and that the man who interfered with him wouldn't turn up for his victims next day or at any time after. It is probable that the trainhands eventually would have brought him to rights, but a passenger, a slim, quiet, refined looking man, took the business in hand and saved them the trouble.

"The fun began when the tough's pistol went off in the car, by accident quite likely. At this the slim man got up and walked back to him, carrying a slender walking stick in his hand. "There has been enough of this business," he said. "Put that pistol up." "The tough jumped up from his seat. "Damn you!" he shouted. "Do you know who you're talking to? You git!" "He started to cock his pistol as he spoke, but the hammer didn't get half way up. The thing was done too suddenly for my eye to follow, but the pistol clanged down on the floor between them, knocked from the fellow's hand by a blow with the stick. The tough swore and clutched with the other hand at his hand that had been so smartly rapped. The slim man stopped, picked up the pistol and threw it out of the window.

"Now, will you behave yourself?" he asked, looking the fellow in the eye, with the expression of a wild beast tamer and holding the stick as a fencing master holds his foil at ready.

"You bet," was the prompt answer, and the tough man sat meekly down. He was very much on his good behavior all the rest of the trip. He even tried to make friends with the slim man. The slim man's name, by the way, was E. T. Hallam, an agent for a millinery goods firm. He received the lionizing of the other passengers modestly, acknowledging, however, that he fenced and spared some and could play a little at single stick."—New York Sun.

The Letter A. The letter A is in Hebrew called aleph, an ox, and the Phœnician character which represents this sound was originally a picture of an ox head; hence the name. The right hand stroke of the A represented the top of the head, the other down stroke the left side and a line, since fuller out of use, represented the right side of the head, while in very old Phœnician manuscripts two dots above for eyes and two below for nostrils rendered the resemblance complete.

Lightning Hot Drops CURES COLIC-CRAMPS-DIARRHOEA-FLUX-CHOLERA-MORBUS-NAUSEA-CHANGES OF WATER ETC. HEALS CUTS-BURNS-BRUISES-SCALDS-BITES OF ANIMALS-SERPENTS-BUGS-ETC. BREAKS UP BAD COLDS-LA-GRIPE-GRIPPE-THROAT-ETC. RELIEF POSITIVELY GUARANTEED. PRICE 25c PER BOTTLE.

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JANUARY CLEARANCE SALES.

which are new going on and will continue throughout the month. FANCY COLORED SUITINGS That were \$1.00 and \$1.25 at this store of lowest prices, at

68c a yard Another lot of Fancy Suitings that were 65c to 85c a yard, will be cleared at a special price of

38c a yard. BLACK DRESS GOODS Fancy weaves that were selling heretofore at 75c, 85c and \$1.00 the yard, all go into this January Sale at

60c a yard. Also other remarkable values in fine Black Dress Goods at

25c, 35c and 50c a yard. SILKS. The values in Silks during this January Clearance sale are the greatest known. Fancy Silks that under ordinary circumstances sell at 75c, 85c and \$1.00 a yard, for

55c a yard. At times when impossible to some, write to our Mail Order Department and we will make the selections for you, giving you the same advantages as the customer at our counter.

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TRAVELER'S REGISTER.

Trains Arrive and Depart on Central Standard Time. Pittsburgh, Ft. Wayne & Chicago Div. Pennsylvania Lines.

Table with 4 columns: Station, No. 1, No. 2, No. 3. Rows include Westward, Eastward, and various stations like Pittsburgh, Erie, and Buffalo.

Table with 4 columns: Station, No. 1, No. 2, No. 3. Rows include Eastward, Westward, and various stations like Buffalo, Erie, and Pittsburgh.

Ohio River Division, Daily.

Table with 4 columns: Station, No. 1, No. 2, No. 3. Rows include Westward, Eastward, and various stations like Wheeling, Martins Ferry, and Toledo.

South Bound.

Table with 4 columns: Station, No. 1, No. 2, No. 3. Rows include Valley Depot, Erie, and various stations.

North Bound.

Table with 4 columns: Station, No. 1, No. 2, No. 3. Rows include Erie, Valley Depot, and various stations.

A Pennsylvania Change.

Change of schedule on Pennsylvania lines, taking effect at 7 a. m., November 25th. Trains are due to leave Massillon as follows:

East bound. No. 5, 2:18 a. m. No. 31, 9:22 a. m. No. 82, 7:50 a. m. No. 9, 10:38 a. m. No. 4, 1:01 p. m. No. 3, 5:40 p. m. No. 6, 1:46 p. m. No. 15, 9:40 p. m. No. 20, 8:03 p. m. Daily. Daily except Sunday.

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HOW TO COOK POSSUM.

Told by One of the Most Skillful Opposum Chefs in the World.

A negro's juicy appreciation of possum meat was well illustrated upon a recent occasion when a lady with whom the narrator is acquainted paid a visit to New Orleans. She told him the story. She was walking down Chartres street early one morning, intending to visit the celebrated French market of the Crescent City, and on her way she met a very old colored man coming from the opposite direction, evidently from the market, as he was carrying in one hand a possum and in the other a small split wooden basket of sweet potatoes. The old man's face was beaming with good nature and wreathed in smiles of anticipatory pleasure. He looked so joyously into the face of the lady that she, too, could not help but smile at him, whereupon he held the possum up aloft and said, "Good eatin, missy, good eatin." She stopped for a moment, looked at the childlike, happy face of the old negro and said, "So you like possum, do you?"

"Like possum, missy! I loves possum. Dore ain't no eatin like possum. De possum an good, but de gravy with sweet potatoes is better. Did you never eat possum, missy? Den you didn't know what good eatin was. But mebbe you all wouldn't know how to cook Mr. Possum, fur dar's ebbyt'ing in de know how."

"Well, then, tell me how you cook it," she said.

The old man set the possum and potatoes down on the pavement, or, as they call it in New Orleans, the "banquet," and with a look of earnest concentration began with: "Now, don't you never forget jest what I've gwine to tell you about how to cook de possum. Well de fust t'ing you does is to get your possum. Dat may be easy fur you uns, but tain't fur me—dat is, always. Well, den, when you's dun got your possum you skins him fust. Den you puts him into de pot with cold water an put de pot over a hot fire, an den you parbiles him—not too much—fur you don't want to lose any of his nice sweet fat. Den you takes him out of de pot an you dries him in a clean towel. Den you puts him into a big fryin pan. Den you scrapes de skin off your sweet potatoes an you puts dem into de same pan with Mr. Possum. Den you has your stove red, an den you puts de pan an possum an potatoes into de oven an den go away fur a little while, but not too long."

"Den when you comes back you puts in a little hot water, an den you begins an bastes de possum an de sweet potatoes, an you keeps on a-bastin an a-bastin till de possum is a good brown—jest like my color—an de sweet potatoes is soft an juicy an de gravy is almost black an plenty of it. Den you takes it out of de oven, an den you sots de table, an den—well, den you bars de doors, fur de smell of cooked possum goes a long ways, an when you have only one possum you don't want much company besides yourself."

Now, there is your recipe for cooking possum and given by probably one of the best chefs for that dish in the world.—Philadelphia Times.

ONE MILLIONAIRE'S START.

He Earned Ten Dollars by Throwing the Strong Man of a Show.

"Had I caught my train that night," laughed the man who had nothing to do for a quarter of a century but sit and watch pine trees grow to swell his bank account, "I would probably be a farmer now trying to raise a mortgage and a few other things. I had gone to a little town in lower Wisconsin to see a colt that a man there wanted to sell me. I was a good judge of stock and shrewd on a trade, but a greener country had never broke into a town. I would have walked back to the farm after I found myself too late for the train, but I saw a handbill announcing a show that night and couldn't resist the temptation to see it, though it did cost a quarter."

"In my hilarious appreciation I was more of an entertainer than they had on the stage, especially as I was utterly oblivious to the fact that I did not look like any one else in the audience. Toward the end a huge fellow came out, tossed cannon balls in the air, held men out at arm's length and lifted heavy weights. After this showing of his prowess he offered \$10 to any one whom he could not throw inside of two minutes. I was the crack wrestler in all our section, though none present knew it, and I felt as though the challenge was aimed directly at me. I turned hot and cold during a few seconds of intense silence. Then I sprang up, and, as I came out of my old blouse, shouted, 'I'll go you, b'gosh!' There was a roar of laughter, and then some of those about me urged me not to go up there and have my neck broken. But one old man told me to go in. It was a tough job, but I finally threw the giant almost through the floor with a hip lock. There was a little hesitancy about giving me the \$10, but the crowd shouted till I got it. Then the old man took me home with him, and in a week I had charge of all the teams in his lumber camps. In time I became a partner, and he cleared the way to make me rich. That was really a match for a million."—Detroit Free Press.

Not a Slip.

"Here," cried the managing editor, "what does this mean? The account of this man's death is headed 'Gathered to His Feathers.' This kind of proofreading has got to stop. 'Gathered to his feathers!' Why, the man who let that slip must be a drizzling fool!"

"Oh, that's all right!" said the city editor. "It's a joke. Folding bed accident, you know."—Chicago News.

Avoided.

"Does your sister sing much, George?" "Not when I'm around."

"What's the reason?"

"I always leave when she begins."

—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

THAT FAMILY CLOSET.

And the Various Kinds of Skeletons That Abide Therein.

Every family has its skeleton. We know that, of course, anatomical specimens, neatly put together and stored away in a secure cupboard, of which only family members have the key—a skeleton key, probably. Only when the family is alone, with no visitors about, does it go to the door cautiously and unlock it and bring the bony occupant forth. The family knows its own skeleton, but outsiders are supposed to be in total ignorance of its existence, and if they are wiser than people think them—and of course they always are—it is only a point of politeness to pretend to be blind and deaf.

Of how many kinds are family skeletons? The Joneses possessed an uncle who died insane. You can't go near the Jones cupboard, or, in other words, even hint at the subject of hereditary insanity in their presence, without the skeleton audibly knocking its bones together and all the Joneses turning pale. You can't mention Turkish bonds to the Browns without their jaws suddenly falling; you can't think why. And when drink statistics form the cheerful subject of conversation at the Robinsons' table you observe with wonder that all the family grow uncomfortable and writhe in their chairs. You haven't the faintest notion why, but the skeleton has.

I met a man once at a dinner party who was perfectly sane upon every point on earth but one, and on that he was the opposite. He could talk about politics, science, art, Shakespeare and the musical glasses, but if by any chance the conversation touched on duelling he went straight off his head then and there.

Duelling was the skeleton in his cupboard, and the reason was one that cannot be enlarged upon here. On one day in every year he shut himself up in his house and was not seen by mortal eye. That was the one day when his skeleton came out and stalked about.

Many people have what seems to the general public a harmless enough skeleton, but it is real and ghastly to themselves. It is of humble origin. It is surprising the pains people will take to conceal what their grandfathers were poor, but honest, the lies they will tell (which only proves that the grandparent's qualities have not descended in the direct line) and the meannesses they will indulge in, in the pitiable effort to hide the fact that two generations ago they kept a small greengrocer's shop or wore plush and powder. After all, the longer the line the more certain it is to contain ancestors who won their bread by the sweat of their face.

If all the world were not descended from the same "grand old gardener," there might be more common sense in trying to forget honest toil.—English Exchange.

IN LONDON'S SLUMS.

A Rather Rough Experience That Taught an Artist a Lesson.

An artist who is well known in a northern city used occasionally to put on his shabbiest clothes and penetrate to the slums in search of inspiration for his brush. On one of these excursions he stopped to watch the efforts of a ragged urchin who was disfiguring the pavement of a squalid street with a piece of soft blue stone, and, although the figures which the lad drew were grotesque, the artist was struck with their originality and began to take an interest in their development.

"That's right, my boy! Make your lines clear and never mind the details. Champion! What! You don't know how to sketch that old man's head? Then give me the chalk. I'll show you."

The next moment the enthusiastic artist was on his knees, and with the piece of stone had quickly drawn a clever picture. Before he could commence another sketch, however, he felt a stunning blow on the head, and a shrill female voice cried:

"Take yer bloomin' look, ye great, good for nought hulk! What d'ye mean by messin' up t' flags 'at I've just washed? Tain't no wonder 'at t' kids do it when a senseless old idiot like yerself sets 'em t'example. Be off, or I'll scour t'pavement wi' yer ugly carcass."

The artist hurriedly dodged another boot, sprang to his feet, and, without waiting to argue the matter, sneaked ignominiously off. He vows that he will mind his own business when next he goes slumming.—London Telegraph.

Why Doesn't the Boiler Burst?

What a tremendous force is struggling to tear a boiler to atoms! Take, for example, a horizontal tubular boiler of ordinary proportions, 60 inches in diameter by 16 feet long, containing eighty-three 1 inch tubes. Such a boiler has a surface area of 40,716 square inches.

Suppose this boiler is operated with a working pressure of 100 pounds per square inch, which is not at all uncommon. The boiler therefore sustains a total pressure of 4,071,600 pounds, or more than 2,035 tons.

Do we realize what this means? The boiler has resting upon it the equivalent of a column of granite 10 feet square and 254.5 feet high, or, to put it another way, the boiler is holding up the equivalent weight of 22,371 persons, each weighing 182 pounds.

The best authorities agree that the ordinary draft horse, working eight hours a day, exerts an average force during that time of 120 pounds.

Now, this force acting to disrupt the boiler longitudinally is 226,200 pounds, so that to produce an equivalent stress it would be necessary to hitch up to the ends of the boiler two teams of 1,885 horses altogether.—Strand Magazine.

They Are Friends.

Helen—I wonder why Kate doesn't mind her own business.
Mattie—She hasn't any.
Helen—Business?
Mattie—No; mind.—Chicago News.

THE TRIONAL HABIT.

A New and Pleasant Drug That Is More Deadly Than Morphine.

The trional habit is the latest curse which humanity is afflicted, and it's a curse from which the rich suffer rather than the poor, for they are more particular in their remedies. It is a cure for which the physicians are in a measure responsible. No one takes trional of his own accord for the first time. It is ordinarily prescribed by a physician for insomnia.

Its effects are delightful. The physician prescribes for two or three nights, and the patient's insomnia is apparently cured.

"What was the medicine you gave to make me sleep, doctor?" he asks the physician when another fit of restlessness attacks him.

"That's a new discovery," the doctor usually replies. "It is called trional and is a preparation made from coal tar. It's the best remedy for sleeplessness I know of, as there are no after effects."

The patient listens to the doctor's praise of the drug and remembers its name. Then when attacked again by insomnia he visits his drug store and inquires the dose of trional usually taken. He buys a few powders and takes them at intervals. This may continue for months, but he has not yet acquired the habit.

But, like morphine, trional needs to be taken in increasing doses to have its effects continue in the same pleasant way. The sufferer doubles his dose. The increase is made by geometrical ratio. In six months he takes perhaps 100 grains; in a year a whole ounce. Then he begins to take it night and morning. His appearance is like that of a man who has been on a protracted debauch. His eyes are red. His hand trembles so that he can hardly dress. For this there is but one remedy to his mind—trional.

A big dose will drive these symptoms away. But they return again, and another big dose of the drug is necessary. His case is as sad as the morphine fiend's. He lives entirely on trional. He sleeps, to be sure, but that is the only function of nature which is properly performed. He eats but little and cannot read more than a few minutes at a time. He passes his time sitting around the house in a listless manner. His eyes are sunk back into his head. His cheeks are parched and the skin tightly drawn over them. His body is emaciated. Life has no charms for him, and often he ends his woe by suicide.

LIBERTY A BURDEN.

Still This Self Confessed Murderer Doesn't Like to Give Himself Up.

As a New York World artist was leaving Harvey's, the well known oyster house of Washington, one night he was accosted by a negro, who said, "Say, boss, can't you give us a dime to get a bite to eat?"

Artist—Why don't you go to work?

Darkey—Dead, boss, I can't.

Artist—Why can't you?

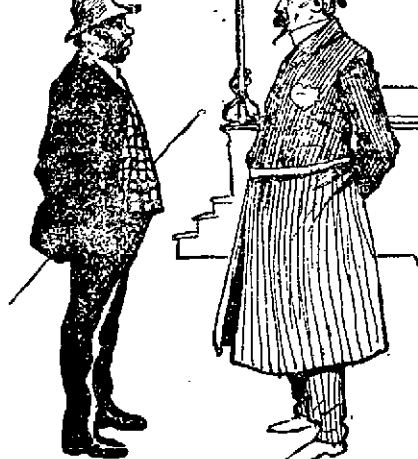
Darkey—Well, I'll tell you, boss. I'm Dorsey Foulitz.

Artist—Well, who's Dorsey Foulitz?

Darkey—Why, ain't you done heard of me?

Artist—I never heard of Dorsey Foulitz.

Darkey—Well, you all must be a strangah around heah. I'm the man that shot Dal



"SAY, HAVE THEY CAUGHT THIS FELLOW FOULITZ?"

Robbins last July and the police are trying to get me. So, you see, I can't work, else they would sure find me. Now, you all mustn't think me bad, cus that man Robbins done me dirt, and I sure had to get him, and when he culled me names in that saloon that night I couldn't help get'n that black man.

Artist—Why haven't you been arrested?
Darkey—Well, I tell you, boss, I guess them policemen ain't no sprinters. They tried it once or twice, and I ain't carin so much neither. It's kind of uncomfortable to have to be walkin on the streets all the time. You see, if I goes home they'll sure get me.

Artist—Do the folks at home know you're around here?

Foulitz—Sure, boss. Last week I wanted to git some clean clothes and I didn't know whether to chance it or not, so I jist goes up to a policeman an I says, "Say, have they caught this fellow Foulitz yet, what shot Dal Robbins?" and he says, "Now, be's left town long ago." So I goes home and my folks they say I'd sure best keep away, cus a policeman was around there all the time. Sometimes when I goes out on the Potomac flats to see some folks I knows out there and I stops and looks at the jail "contemplation" like, and jist wonders whether when the cold weather comes on if I'll have to give myself up to the police.

Artist—Foulitz, don't you know that it is my duty as an American citizen to arrest you and turn you over to the police?
At which Foulitz darted away like a scared rabbit, saying, "Sure, boss, I ain't ready to be arrested yet, nohow." A reward is out for his arrest.

Prayed to Excess.

William G. O'Brien, who was arrested in New York the other day at the request of his father for examination as to his sanity, is a strange character. He ran through the years of his early maturity at the pace that soon catches up with death. He drank himself into disreputability. He was sent to Belgium for reformation. He returned worse. He was sent to California for regeneration. He returned apparently incorrigible. Now, at the approach to the broad line that marks the fiftieth year of man, he has become a religious zealot. He devotes himself to preaching, to praying and to singing.

Notwithstanding the commendable change from dissipation to religion, O'Brien has not found the cleanliness that is akin to godliness. Unkempt, he visited the missions, and in ragged garments and with wildly flying locks he went to the store of his father and prayed for him and for the salesmen and the clerks. These visits to the store and also to his home provoked the parent to apply for the arrest of his son.

SEEK FREE DOCTORS.

Some Queer Experiences in the Public Dispensaries of New York.

The least hope of any change in this charity to all policy is with those dispensaries that are bountifully endowed. The leading institution of this class in New York city is located on the west side, and, in view of its defiant abuse of all kinds of medical charity, has earned for itself the unenviable sobriquet of the "diamond dispensary." It has such a high reputation for the number and pecuniary ability of its patients that it would appear to be rather a credit than a disgrace to receive its outrageously misdirected charity. Such at least is the inevitable conclusion that may be based upon the large average of well to do people who claim daily the benefits of free medical treatment so lavishly and indiscriminately furnished to all who apply. Many of these visitors are from out of town districts and will pay several dollars for car fare, will ask for a written diagnosis of their disease and an extra prescription, and will then complain if they are kept waiting beyond the time for their return train. The examining doctor is content to ride to the dispensary in a horse car; the patient comes and returns in a cab. It is no longer a joke to refer to the display of diamonds or the number of women clad in sealskins in the patients' waiting room, nor does it appear to be unlikely that, in the near future, conveniences will not be required for checking bicycles and distributing carriage numbers in the order of the different arrivals. In this connection, the following description by an eyewitness in the waiting room of this dispensary may be interesting:

"The reception room held about 200 at a time. Nobody was turned away. Fully 50 per cent of the applicants were well dressed, and 10 per cent of them were finely dressed. Three women wore fur coats that had not been handed down from somebody else. There was an attractive display of fine millinery, and the men, more than half of them, bore no evidences of poverty. But all obtained free treatment supposed to be

given to paupers—'poor persons.'"

Such instances as the following carry with them their own moral:

"During the examination of a dispensary patient a roll of bills dropped from her pocket. The doctor picked it up and remarked, 'Madam, this is a free dispensary, and as you are able to pay a fee for medical advice I must decline to treat you here.' 'Well,' replied the woman, 'that money is for something else. You are paid by the city and must prescribe for me.' On being assured that the doctor received no salary from any source, the patient became indignant and protested that she was entitled to attention equally with the 'lady' who had preceded her and from whom she had rented a house the week before."—Dr. George F. Shray in Forum.

Her Great Need.

Every woman ought to pay a reasonable degree of attention to her person, and especially to having her hair neatly and becomingly dressed.

Two days after a great fire had devastated a north country village a worthy philanthropist of the place was serving out clay pipes and tobacco as relief for the poor homeless men when a young woman presented herself before him. The line, of course, had been made up of men, and the donor asked the girl, who was extremely pretty and refined in appearance, what she wanted with a pipe. She blushed and repeated her request.

"Why, you do not smoke!" said the worthy philanthropist.

"No, but please give me a pipe."

"If you will tell me what you are going to do with it, I'll give you one."

The girl hesitated, and then, raising her hand to the fringe of her hair that hung limp over her forehead, she said:

"I want to curl my fringe."

She got the stem of the broken pipe and went away laughing. She had been rescued from a burning house only 24 hours before and was then almost on the verge of starvation, and when she sought the pipe to curl her hair she was unquestionably badly in need of clothing.—Strand Magazine

Bottled Up!

Whether in the form of pill powder or liquid, the doctor's prescription for blood diseases is always the same—mercury or potash. These drugs bottle up the poison and dry it up in the system, but they also dry up the marrow in the bones at the same time.

The suppleness and elasticity of the joints give way to a stiffness, the racking pains of rheumatism. The form gradually bends, the bones ache, while decrepitude and helplessness prematurely take possession of the body, and it is but a short step to a pair of crutches. Then comes falling of the hair and decay of the bones, a condition truly horrible.



Contagious Blood Poison—the curse of mankind—is the most horrible of all diseases, and has always baffled the doctors. Their potash and mercury bottle up the poison, but it always breaks forth again attacking some delicate organ, frequently the mouth and throat, filling them with eating sores. S.S.S., is the only known cure for this disease. It is guaranteed purely vegetable, and one thousand dollars reward is offered for proof to the contrary. It never fails to cure Contagious Blood Poison, Scrofula, Eczema, Rheumatism, Cancer, or any other disease of the blood. If you have a blood disease, take a remedy which will not injure you. Beware of mercury; don't do violence to your system. Don't get bottled up! Our books sent free to any address. Swift Specific Co., Atlanta, Ga.

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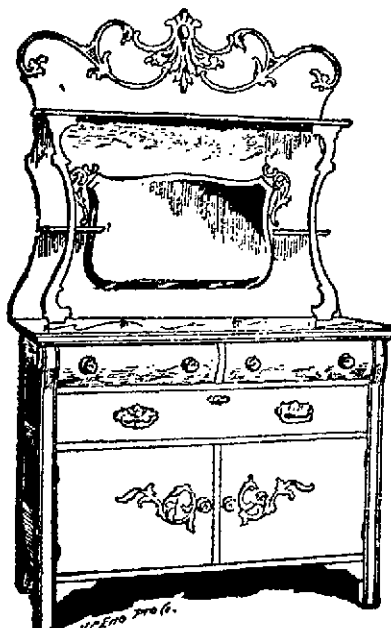
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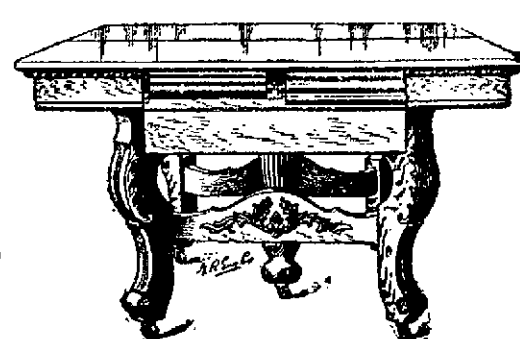
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Benedict's White Palace!

63-65 South Erie street.

DRESSED AS A COWBOY.

The Astonishing Exploits of a Woman Desperado.

ELOPED WITH HER ENEMY'S WIFE.

Revenge That Was Devilish and Complete. Net Bettle Killed Many Men in the Course of Her Lively Career as Cowboy, Outlaw and Adventuress.

An American woman died on a cattle ranch near Villadana, in old Mexico, a few days ago who was well known on the big ranches and in many towns and cities of the wild and rugged west from Texas to Arizona. She was a remarkable woman, and in the execution of her schemes of devilry she displayed a sufficient amount of courage and natural ability to have made her a very distinguished character if she had exerted her talents in any legitimate calling, says the St. Louis Republic. In her career she sailed under a dozen or more different names, but those who knew her best say that her original name was Net Bettle, and that she was born near Fort Gibson, in the Indian Territory, of parents who had plenty of Indian blood in their veins. As a little girl she was very pretty, and a pet and favorite with the young officers who were stationed at the old fort.

Her first "mad affair," as she called it, and the one which she insisted transformed her from an innocent maiden into a devil, occurred in the Indian Territory when she was a very young girl. A handsome young soldier won the girl's heart, promising to marry her as soon as he was discharged from the army. Net accidentally learned that he had deceived her.

She went to her lover in apparent great distress. With tears in her eyes, she told him that she had changed her mind. She could not marry him, she said. While she was saying it she watched him narrowly out of the corners of her eyes, and easily saw that he was pleased. With her information she then lured him to her home, and after telling him of his treachery and making him confess that he really intended to marry another girl she shot him

proceedings that threatened danger to the peace and safety of the desperate woman. Foreseeing that she was liable to learn something of the Mexican penal code, the maiden mounted a fine horse and rode to a ranch on the Rio Grande, where she knew there was a large herd of cattle belonging to the estate of the old don. Here she performed a feat which would hardly have been dreamed of by the most hardened desperado. She ordered the vaqueros to round up the herd and drive it toward the Rio Grande, and when they refused she shot one dead and made another leave the camp. She was dressed in her proper apparel at the time, but later in the day she resumed the buckskin leggings and jacket of a cowboy, and, mounting a fine horse, pistol in hand, she compelled the trembling peons to drive the whole herd of 2,000 steers across the Rio Grande. It took her a year to turn the herd into gold, but she succeeded in doing it, in the meantime making several trips to Chicago and St. Louis, frequently stopping at the best hotels, where her sex was never known.

She now had money enough to live in luxury for the remainder of her life. But after making a trip to Europe she tired of travel and longed for her old life on the plains. She returned to the west and bought a ranch near Flagstaff, A. T., determining to settle down and lead a quiet life. It was not long before the innate devilry pent up inside her anatomy got the better of her judgment. She in some way incurred the enmity of a neighboring rancher, who had a very pretty wife, and instead of killing the man, as one familiar with her career expected her to do, she did something much more astounding.

She made love to her enemy's wife and induced her to fly with her to El Paso. Net had so carefully planned the extraordinary piece of devilry that she never lost a dollar, and succeeded in ruining her enemy's home for life. She carried her money in her pocket, and when she had succeeded in luring her victim into a room in a hotel in El Paso she revealed her sex and left her. The unfortunate woman told her enraged husband a true story, but he never believed it, and the affair ended in a divorce and a ruined home.

The strange woman never returned to the United States but once after this, and on that occasion she came on a desperate mission, which ended in the death of three men and secured for her the title of the "Terror of the Plains."

A cowboy who had at some time ren-

GEN. GORDON'S LECTURE

He Recalls the Closing Scenes of the Civil War.

TRIBUTE TO GRANT'S MEMORY.

The Characteristics of the Two Great Leaders are Impartially Dwelt Upon—Fitting Allusions to the Bravery of Both Northern and Southern Women.

Gen. J. B. Gordon delivered his lecture on "The Last Days of the Confederacy" to a large audience at the Armory, on Tuesday evening—an audience disposed to be enthusiastic by the spirit of fraternal comradery with which the lecturer began his recital of the thrilling experiences of a staff officer in the Confederate army at the close of the civil war. General Gordon was introduced by the Rev. Geo. B. Smith, who recalled the fact that although the Potomac had been crossed and recrossed many times by the opposing forces, it was no longer a dividing line between the North and South.

General Gordon took up his story from the point where the downfall of the Confederacy was marked, giving personal experiences and reminiscences, which afforded a most thrilling word picture of those times. "When the Confederate army crossed into Pennsylvania to pay a friendly visit," said General Gordon, "we were attracted by the outlook—we were hungry and there were fat cattle upon Pennsylvania's hills. You must forgive us, boys, if we left you suddenly. It wasn't exactly the thing to do, but there were reasons over which we had no control which made it necessary for us to return in something of a hurry."

Before this sudden return of his staff General Gordon had some experience with the Pennsylvania Dutch. It appears that there had been an exchange of horses between the soldiers of the two armies, and General Gordon found himself in possession of a fine mare, to which one of the farmers of the neighborhood laid claim. "I told him," said General Gordon, "that I would pay him for the horse, in Confederate money, but he seemed to hesitate. Then I told him that I would give him an order on the President of the United States for any amount that he might name, but he seemed to doubt my authority to issue such an order." The Dutchman in fact, wanted nothing in exchange, he wanted his horse. "I have been married three times," he said, "and I care more for dat horse den for all dos voman."

General Gordon paid tribute to the bravery and heroism of both Northern and Southern women, who so nobly did their parts during the great struggle. "I have seen a woman," said he, "utterly fearless of a shower of bullets, but just let her see a mouse, or a snake!"—the rest was left to the audience. General Gordon gave a thrilling description of the battle of Gettysburg and the struggle in the Wilderness, and closed with a picture of the scene at Appomattox court house, between the two great generals, when Lee surrendered to Grant—dwelling upon the five characteristics of the Southern leader, with which he, as a personal friend, was so thoroughly familiar, but paying a tribute to Grant's memory which won him the enthusiastic admiration of his Northern audience.

General Gordon is characteristically Southern in appearance, with a courtesy of manner and directness of delivery which have long since given him distinction as a public lecturer. His final allusions to the glory of the Union were received by his audience with prolonged applause.

"Saved Her Life."



MRS. JOHN WALCOTT, of Jefferson, Wis., than whom none is more highly esteemed or widely known, writes: "In 1890 I had a severe attack of La Grippe and at the end of four months, in spite of all physicians, friends and good nursing could do, my lungs heart and nervous system were so completely wrecked, my life was despaired of, my friends giving me up. I could only sleep by the use of opiates. My lungs and heart pained me terribly and my cough was most aggravating. I could not lie in one position but a short time and not on my left side at all. My husband brought me Dr. Miles' Nerve and Heart Cure and I began taking them. When I had taken a half bottle of each I was much better and continuing persistently I took about a dozen bottles and was completely restored to health to the surprise of all."

Dr. Miles' Remedies are sold by all druggists under a positive guarantee, first bottle benefits or money refunded. Book on diseases of the heart and nerves free. Address, DR. MILES MEDICAL CO., Elkhart, Ind.

TORNADO IN ARKANSAS.

Causes Terrible Loss of Life and Property at Fort Smith and Little Rock.

VAN BUREN, Ark., Jan. 12.—[By Associated Press]—A tornado reached Ft. Smith at 11:15 last night suddenly, from the southwest, and destroyed all that part of the town extending from Twelfth and Garrison avenues to the western limit of the city. It then moved on toward Little Rock and destroyed several buildings. In Fort Smith fires broke out in several places. At 2 a. m. 18 dead bodies had been recovered but it is thought that a number have been buried in the buildings. The new high school building, costing \$100,000, was entirely destroyed, also several churches. The extent of loss of life will not be known for some time yet.

Nature makes the cures after all.

Now and then she gets into a tight place and needs helping out.

Things get started in the wrong direction.

Something is needed to check disease and start the system in the right direction toward health.

Scott's Emulsion of Cod-liver Oil with hypophosphites can do just this.

It strengthens the nerves, feeds famished tissues, and makes rich blood.

See and \$1.00; all druggists.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.

TODAY'S MARKETS.

Latest Reports From the Centers of Trade.

NEW YORK, Jan. 12.—There was a good business in stocks today. Grangers and the Goulds were leaders in strength and activity. At the Sugar meeting today there was no report from the treasurer, and advices by directors were that all surplus be retained as a working fund, and stocks were sold heavily for awhile. Conservative traders advise the purchase of sugar on this break.

The following figures show fluctuations of stocks, as furnished by T. B. Arnold's exchange:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
American Sugar.....	14 3/4	14 3/4	14 3/4	14 1/2
American Tobacco.....	90	90 1/2	89 1/2	89 3/4
Atchafalpa (Pfd.).....	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2
C. B. & Q.....	101 1/2	102 1/2	101 1/2	101 1/2
Chicago Gas.....	90 1/2	90 1/2	90 1/2	90 1/2
Jersey Central.....	90 1/2	90 1/2	90 1/2	90 1/2
Louisville & Nashville.....	87 1/2	88 1/2	87 1/2	87 1/2
Manhattan.....	115 1/2	116 1/2	115 1/2	115 1/2
Missouri Pacific.....	25	25 1/2	24 1/2	24 1/2
Rock Island.....	91 1/2	91 1/2	91 1/2	91 1/2
St. Paul.....	90 1/2	91 1/2	90 1/2	90 1/2
Western Union.....	92 1/2	93 1/2	92 1/2	92 1/2

Chicago, Jan. 12.—Wheat was quiet and a fraction lower. Trade was light and practically scalping. Cables were unchanged. Four ports, 444,000 bushels of wheat and flour. Market was featureless. Puts and calls \$0.91.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Wheat.....	90 1/2	91 1/2	90 1/2	90 1/2
May.....	91 1/2	92 1/2	91 1/2	91 1/2
July.....	91 1/2	92 1/2	91 1/2	91 1/2
Corn.....	20 1/2	20 1/2	20 1/2	20 1/2
May.....	20 1/2	20 1/2	20 1/2	20 1/2
July.....	20 1/2	20 1/2	20 1/2	20 1/2
Oats.....	22 1/2	22 1/2	22 1/2	22 1/2
May.....	22 1/2	22 1/2	22 1/2	22 1/2
July.....	22 1/2	22 1/2	22 1/2	22 1/2
Pork.....	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2
May.....	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2
Jan.....	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2
Lard.....	4 1/2	4 1/2	4 1/2	4 1/2
May.....	4 1/2	4 1/2	4 1/2	4 1/2
Jan.....	4 1/2	4 1/2	4 1/2	4 1/2

TOLEDO, Jan. 12.—[By Associated Press]—Wheat 91.

DALTON, Jan. 12.—Wheat, 88 cents.

NAVARRE, Jan. 12.—Wheat, 88-90 cts.

BEACH CITY, Jan. 12.—Wheat, 85 cts.

The following prices are being paid in the Massillon markets:

	Price
Wheat per bushel.....	90
Barley.....	35-38
Corn.....	20-22
Oats.....	15-18
Flax Seed.....	1.00
Clover Seed.....	25-30
Timothy Seed.....	3.00-3.10
Brass per 100 lbs.....	75
Hay.....	80-90

PRODUCE.

	Price
Choice Butter, per lb.....	12-20
Eggs, per dozen.....	20
Lard, per lb.....	16
Wool, per lb.....	6-8
Shoulders per lb.....	6-8
Sides.....	6-7
Cheese.....	8-11
Potatoes.....	65-70
White Beans, per bushel.....	1.00
Onions.....	65
Apples.....	80-90
Evaporated Apples, choice.....	8-10
Chickens, per lb.....	1.00
Salt, per barrel.....	1.00-1.20
Dried Peaches, peeled.....	8-10
Dried Peaches, unpeeled.....	4-5

PITTSBURG, Jan. 11.

WHEAT—No. 1 red, 96c; No. 2 red, 95c.

CORN—No. 2 yellow ear, 57c; No. 2 yellow, 56c; high mixed, 56c.

OATS—No. 1 white, 24c; No. 2 white, 23c; extra No. 3 white, 22c; light No. 4, 21c.

HAY—No. 1 timothy, \$10.25 to \$10.50; No. 2, \$8.00 to \$8.50; No. 3, \$7.00 to \$7.50; No. 4, \$6.00 to \$6.50; No. 5, \$5.00 to \$5.50; No. 6, \$4.00 to \$4.50; No. 7, \$3.00 to \$3.50; No. 8, \$2.00 to \$2.50; No. 9, \$1.00 to \$1.50; No. 10, \$0.50 to \$1.00.

POLTRY—Live large spring chickens, 55c; per pair, small, 40c; large old chickens, 60c; per pair, small, 40c; large old chickens, 60c; per pair, small, 40c; large old chickens, 60c.

DUCKS, 50c; per pair, turkeys, 10c; per pound, geese, 10c; per pair, dressed spring chickens, 90c; per pound, old chickens, 80c; ducks, 12c; turkeys, 11c.

BUTTER—Egg prints, 2c; extra creamery, 22c; Ohio, 22c; fancy creamery, 19c; country roll, 14c; low grade and cooking, 8c.

CHEESE—New York, full cream, new make, 10c; Ohio, full cream, September, 9c; Wisconsin Swiss, in tubs, 12c; Limburger, new, 12c; Ohio Swiss, in tubs, 11c; Swiss, in bricks, 5-pound average, 12c.

EGGS—Strictly fresh Pennsylvania and Ohio, in cases, large lots, 21c; in a jobbing way, 22c; storage eggs, 18c.

PITTSBURG, Jan. 11.

CATTLE—Receipts fair on Monday, about 60.

TRY GRAIN-O! TRY GRAIN-O!

Ask your grocer today to show you a package of GRAIN-O!, the new food drink that takes the place of coffee. The children may drink it without injury as well as adults. All who try it, like it. GRAIN-O! has that rich seal brown of Mocha or Java, but it is made from pure grains, and the most delicate stomach receives it without distress. The price of coffee, 15c and 25c per package. Sold by all grocers.

What Ails You?

Do you feel dull, languid, low spirited, fullness or bloating after eating, tongue coated, bitter or bad taste in mouth, irregular appetite, frequent headaches, "floating specks" before eyes, nervous prostration and drowsiness after meals? If you have any of these symptoms, you are suffering from torpid liver and dyspepsia. The more complicated your disease the greater the number of symptoms. No matter what stage it has reached, Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery will subdue it.

Wright's Celery Tea regulates the liver and kidneys, cures constipation and headache. Sold at all druggists.

WHEAT—Spot market firm; 2 cent lower.

CINCINNATI, Jan. 11.

HOGS—Market steady at \$3.00.

CATTLE—Market steady at \$2.25.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Market for sheep, dull at \$2.75.

LAMBS—Market easier at \$4.00.

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